

# MATLAB EXPO 2019

Deep Learning and Reinforcement  
Learning Workflows in A.I.

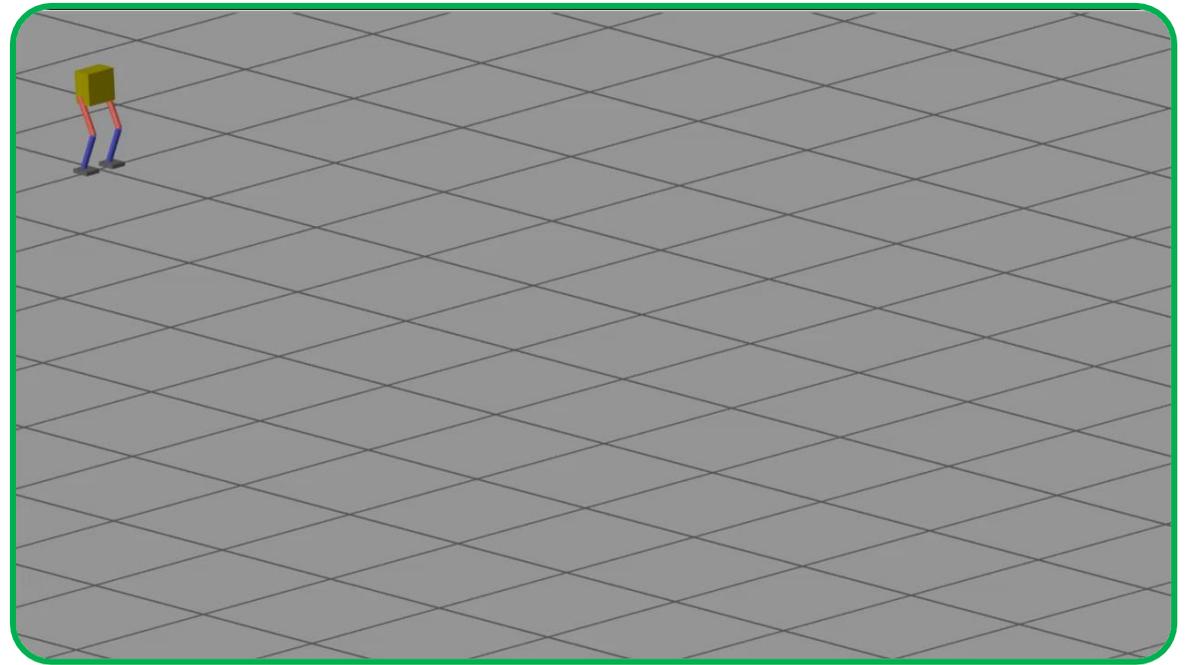
Abhijit Bhattacharjee



# Why MATLAB for Artificial Intelligence?

# Artificial Intelligence

Development of computer systems to perform tasks that normally require human intelligence



# A.I. Applications



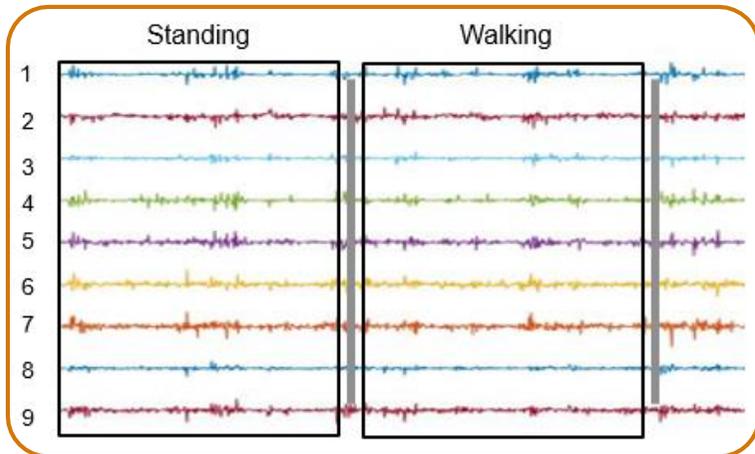
*Object Classification*



Speech Recognition



Predictive Maintenance



Signal Classification



Automated Driving

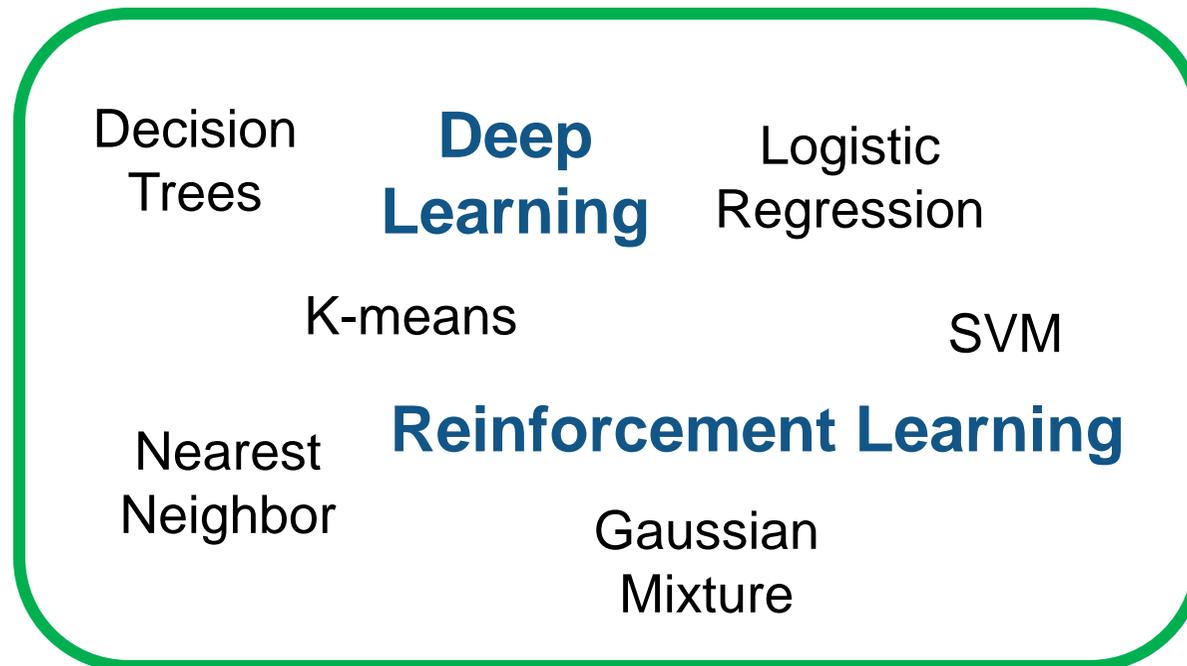


Stock Market Prediction

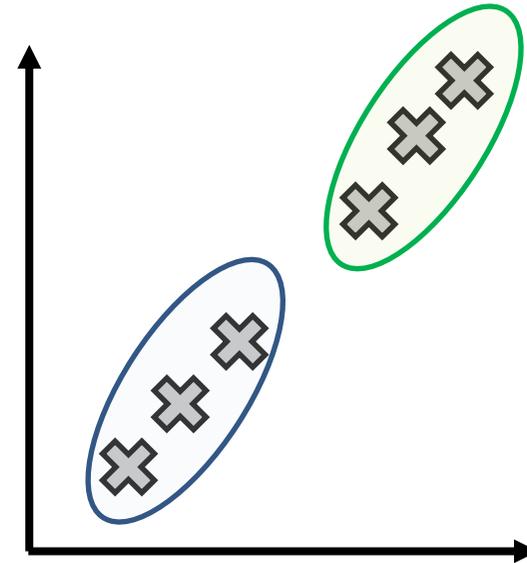
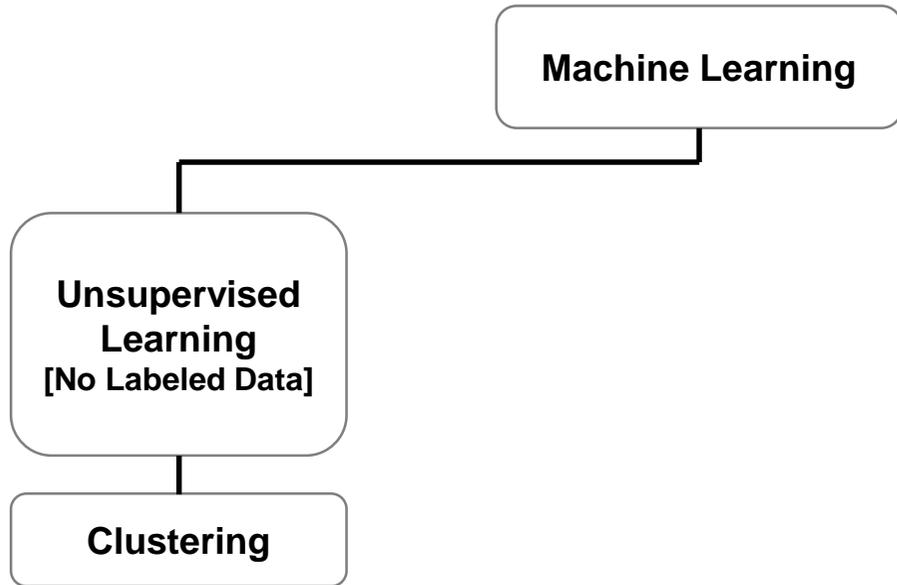
# Artificial Intelligence

- Development of computer systems to perform tasks that normally require human intelligence

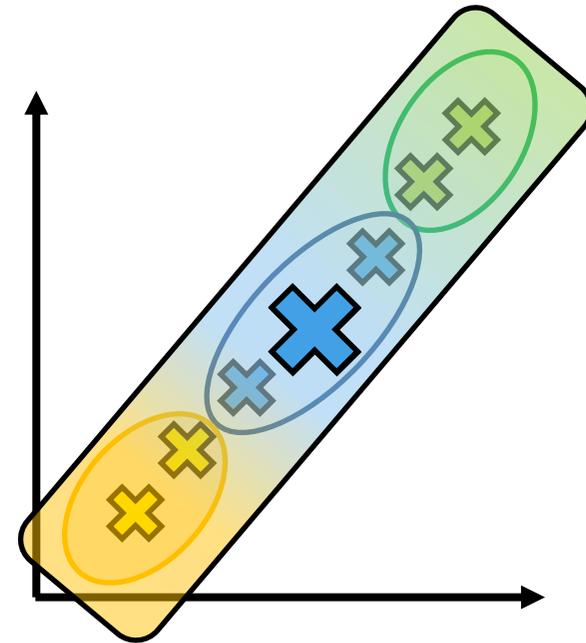
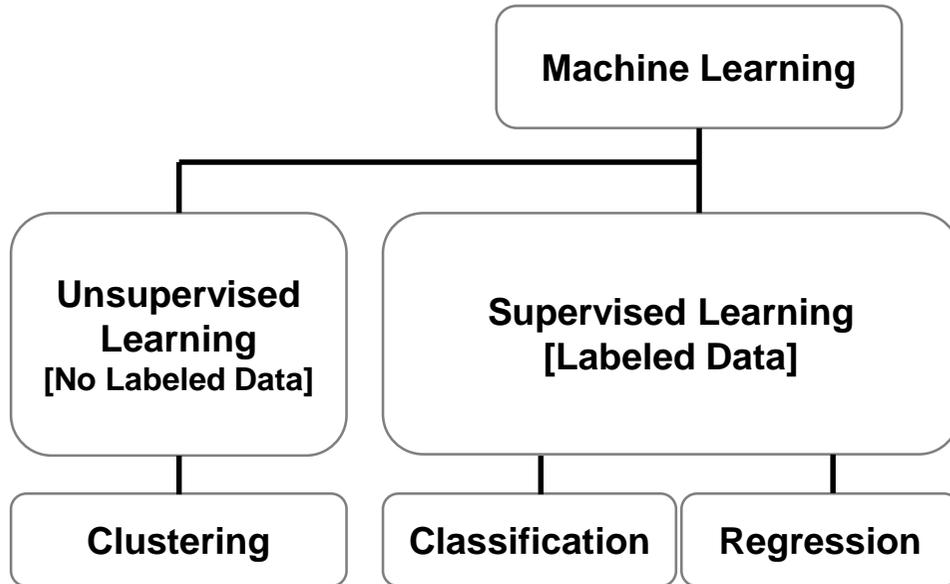
## Machine Learning



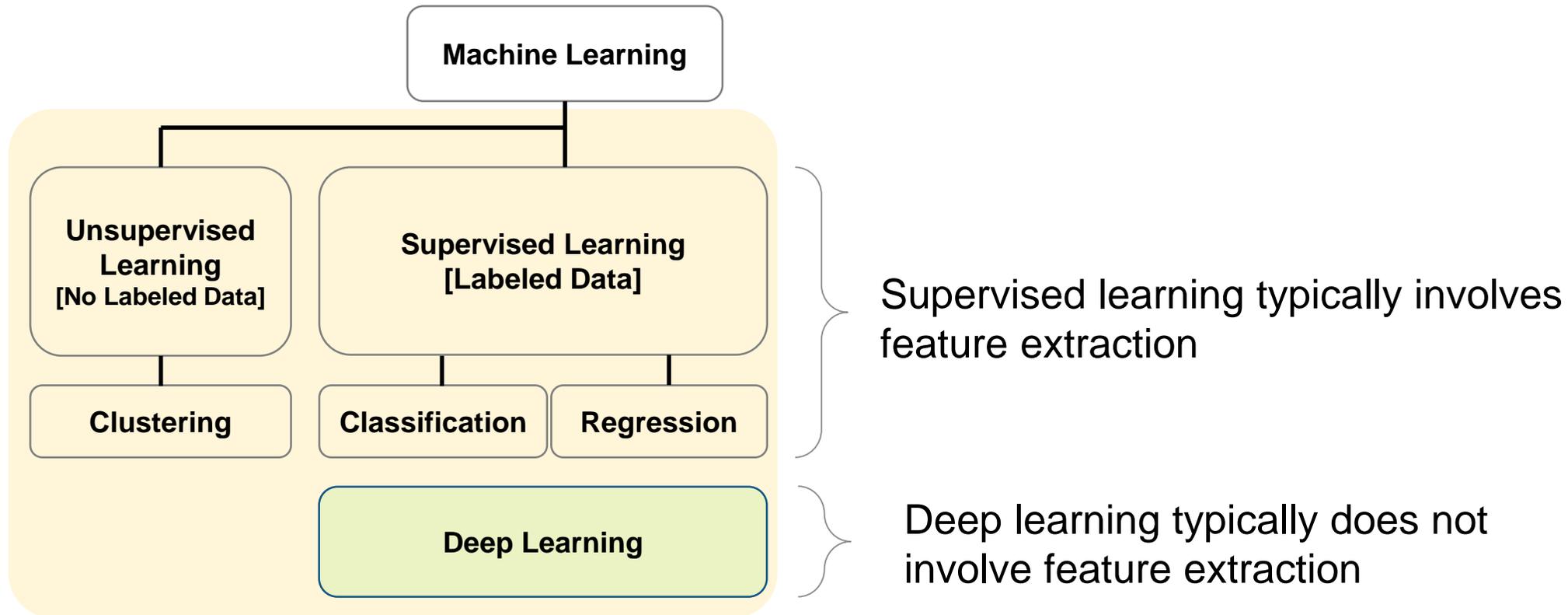
# Machine Learning and Deep Learning



# Machine Learning and Deep Learning

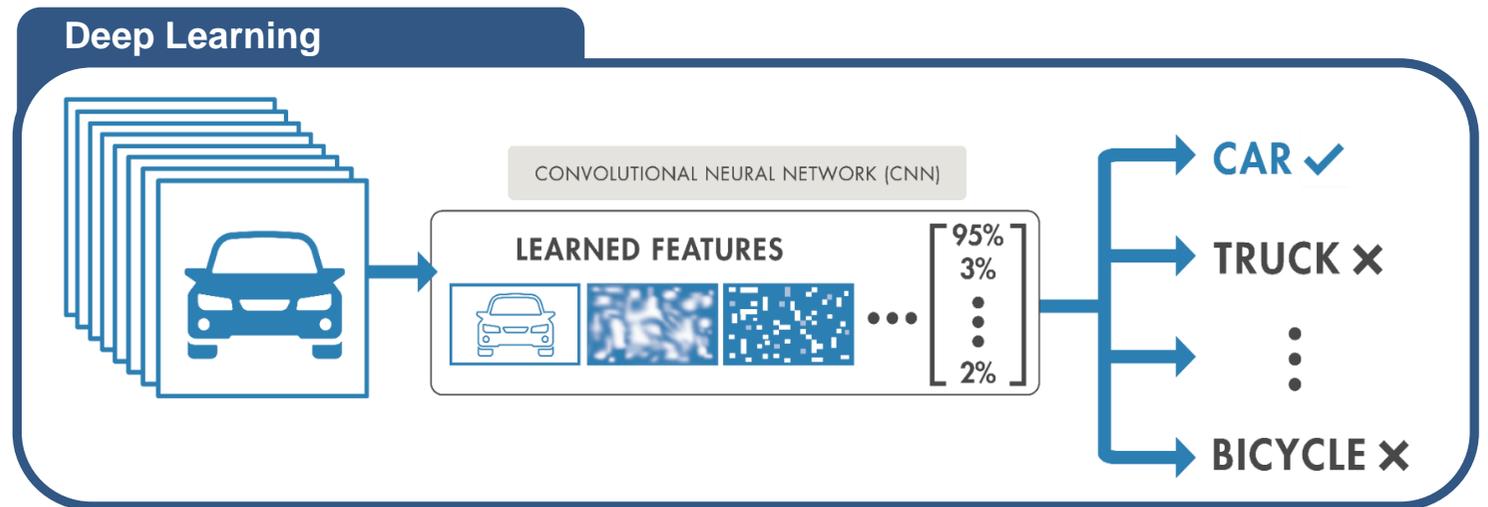
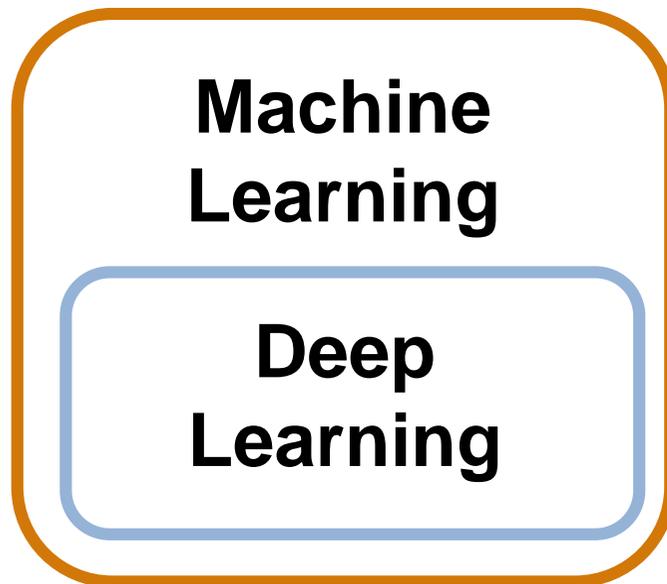


# Machine Learning and Deep Learning

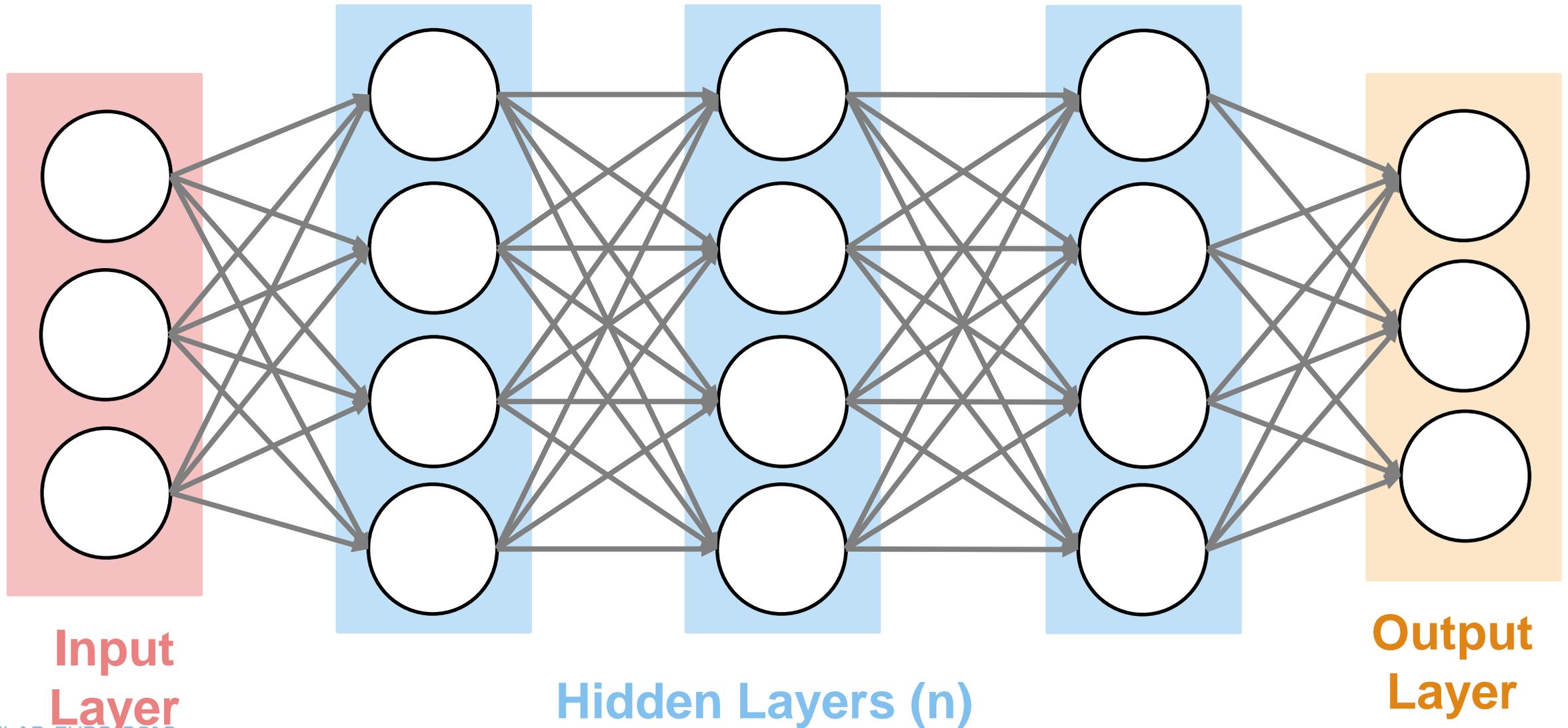


# Deep Learning

- Subset of machine learning with **automatic feature extraction**
  - Learns features and tasks directly from data
  - More Data = better model

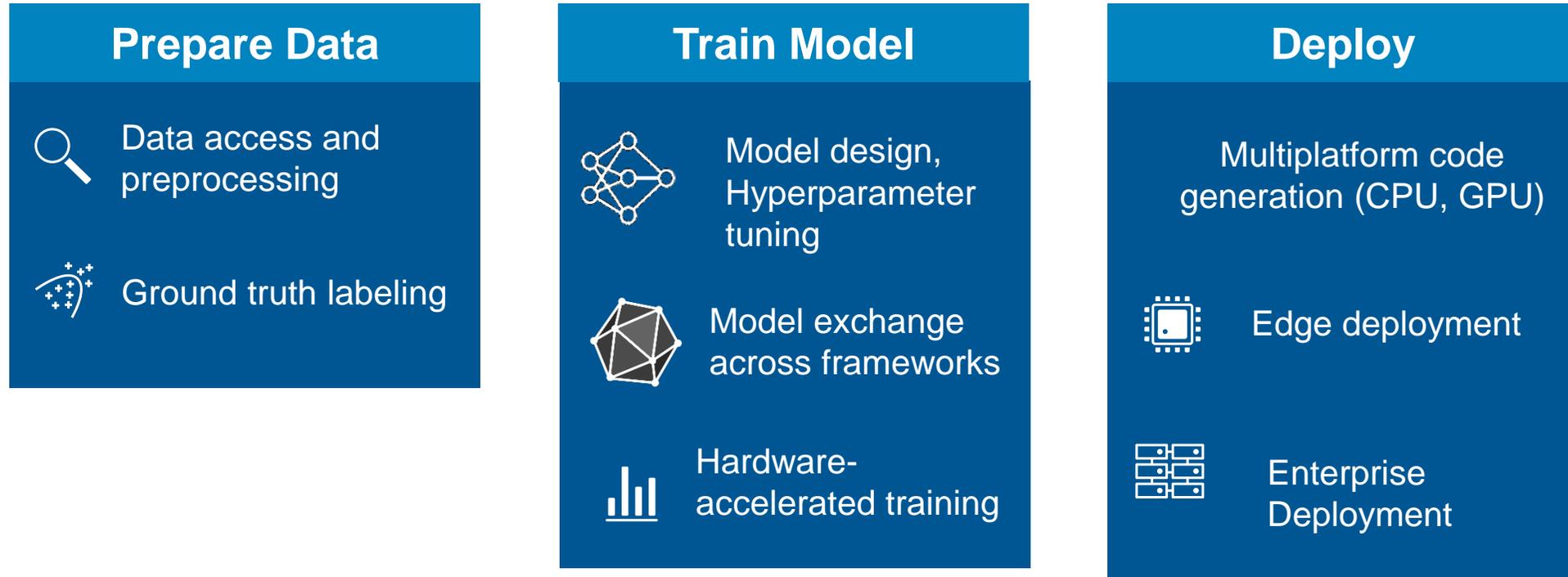


# Deep Learning Uses a Neural Network Architecture





# Deep Learning Workflow



# Why MATLAB for A.I. Tasks?

**Increased productivity with interactive tools**

**Generate simulation data for complex models and systems**

**Ease of deployment and scaling to various platforms**

---

**Full A.I. workflows that cannot be easily replicated by other toolchains**

# Why MATLAB for A.I. Tasks?

**Increased productivity with interactive tools**

**Labeling**

**Training**

**Model  
Exchange**

---

**Full A.I. workflows that cannot be easily  
replicated by other toolchains**

**“I love to label and  
preprocess my data”**

*~ Said no engineer, ever.*

Labeling for deep learning is **repetitive,**  
**tedious,** and **time-consuming...**

**but necessary**

ROI Label Definition

Define new ROI label

Vehicle

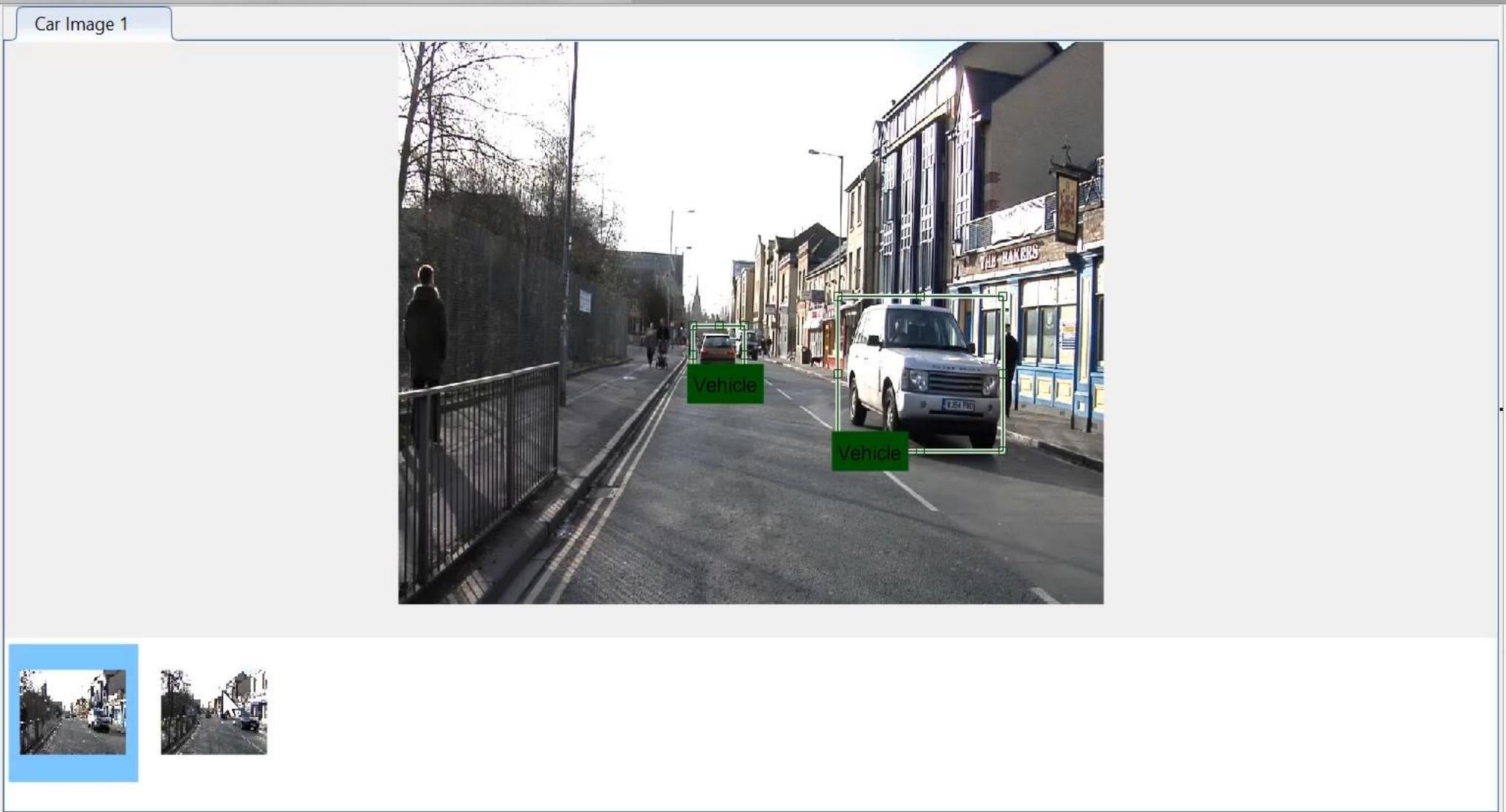
Scene Label Definition

Define new scene label

Apply to Image

Remove from Image

To label a scene, you must first define a scene label.



**LABEL**

FILE: Load, Save, Import Labels

MODE: Label, Zoom In, Zoom Out, Pan

VIEW: Layout, Show ROI Labels, Show Scene Labels

AUTOMATE LABELING: Algorithm: Select Algorithm, Automate, Configure Automation

SUMMARY: View Label Summary

EXPORT: Export Labels

**ROI Label Definition**

Label, Sublabel, Attribute

**Lane** [Green bar] [Menu icon]

**Scene Label Definition**

+ Define new scene label

Current Frame [Add Label]

Time Interval [Remove Label]

To label a scene, you must first define a scene label.

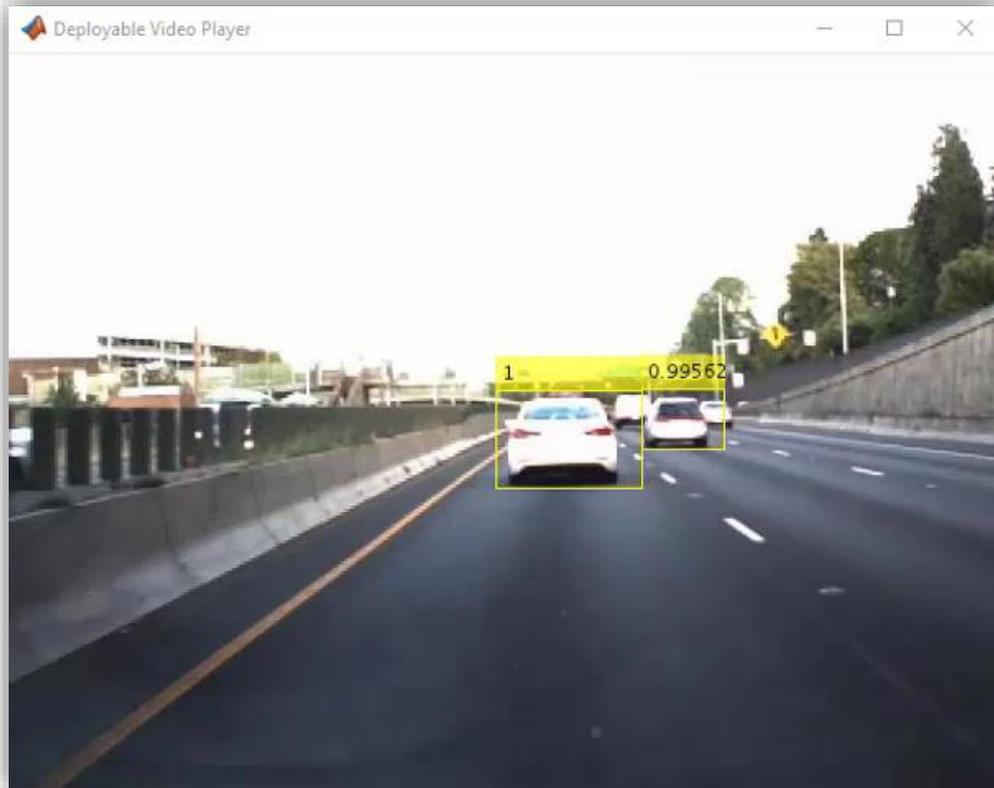
05\_highway\_lanechange\_25s.mp4



Timeline: 00.00000 (Start Time) | 05.80000 (Current) | 25.00000 (End Time) | 25.00000 (Max Time)

Navigation: [Previous] [Previous] [Play] [Next] [Next]

[Zoom In Time Interval]



# Signal Labeler – annotate signals with labels/sublabels, export to workspace for training

Define Labels

View properties of labels

The interface is divided into several sections:

- Top Panel:** Contains tabs for LABEL, DISPLAY, and TIME. It includes fields for Name (TrillPeaks), Description (Trill peaks), Value (3), and Parent Name (TrillRegions). Action buttons include Add Definition, Edit, Import, Export, Delete, Restore Value, Label, Accept, Save Labels, and Cancel.
- Label Definitions:** A tree view showing the hierarchy of labels: WhaleType, MoanRegions, TrillRegions, and TrillPeaks.
- Labeled Signal Set:** A table listing the labeled signal set with columns for Name, Plot, Value, Location (Min), and Location (Max).
- Signal Plot:** A waveform plot showing two signals, whale1 (blue) and whale2 (orange), over time (0 to 18 seconds). Shaded regions indicate labeled areas, and a peak is labeled with '3'.
- Timeline View:** A horizontal timeline showing the duration of MoanRegions, TrillRegions, and TrillPeaks for both whale1 and whale2. Labels are represented by colored bars and triangles.
- Legend:** A table at the bottom right showing the mapping of colors to WhaleType labels.

Name	Plot	Value	Location (Min)	Location (Max)
whale1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	blue		
WhaleType		blue		
MoanRegions				
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	true	6.13604115...	7.763
	<input type="checkbox"/>	true	16.37525	18.153984...
	<input type="checkbox"/>	true	11.4020000...	13.120148...
TrillRegions				
	<input type="checkbox"/>	true	1.4357724...	3.275
TrillPeaks				
	<input type="checkbox"/>	1	1.77425	
	<input type="checkbox"/>	2	2.44375	
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	2.74225	
whale2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	blue		
WhaleType		blue		
MoanRegions				
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	true	2.44511966...	3.5605
	<input type="checkbox"/>	true	5.7136928...	8.113
	<input type="checkbox"/>	true	15.3215	16.712880...
TrillRegions				
	<input type="checkbox"/>	true	10.91475	13.152470...
TrillPeaks				
	<input type="checkbox"/>	1	11.50975	
	<input type="checkbox"/>	2	11.88	
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	12.32975	

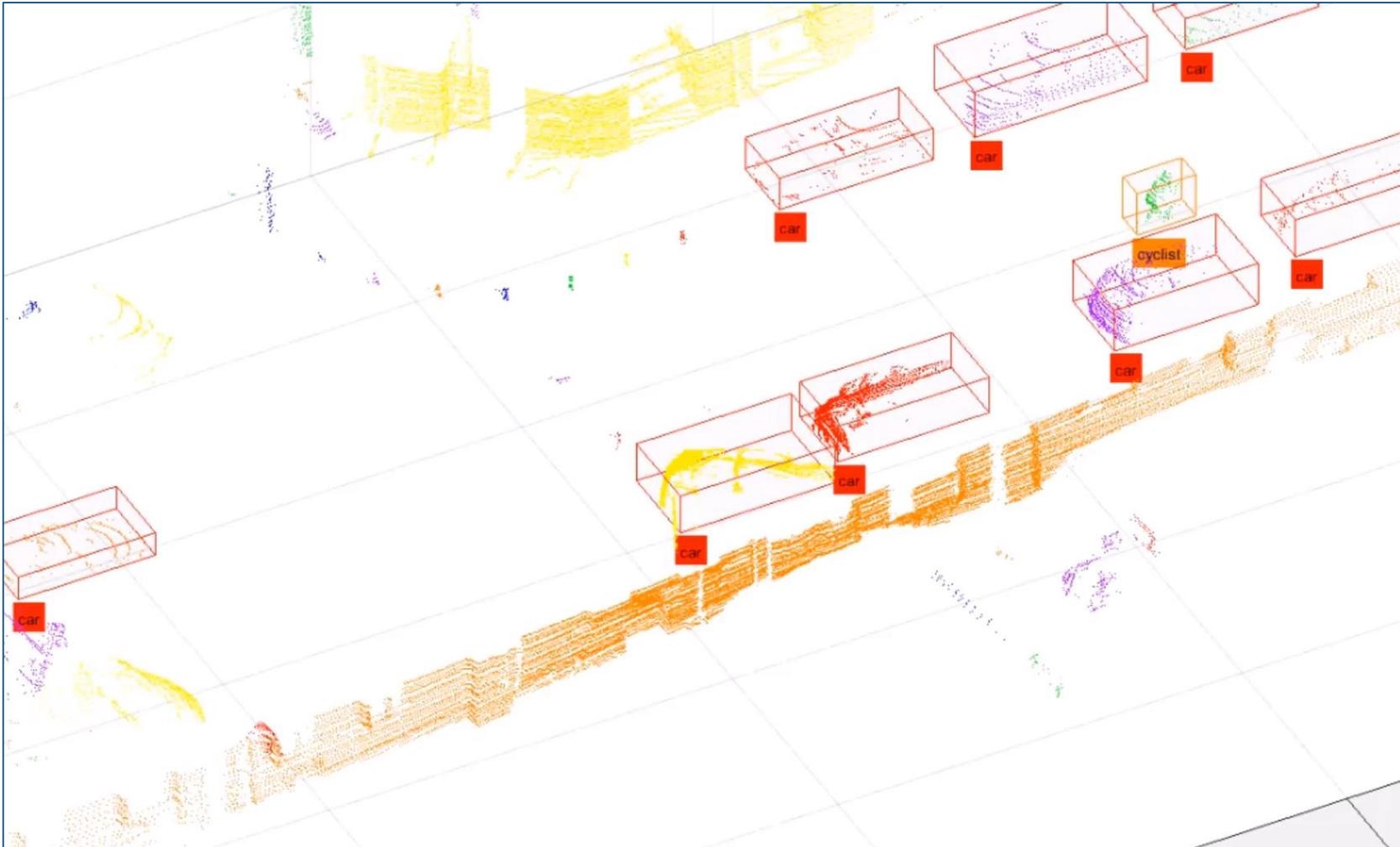
Interactively Label Signals

# User Story – Veoneer (Autoliv)

- Automotive
  - Software and hardware for active safety, autonomous driving, occupant protection, and brake control
- Building radar sensor – check accuracy using LiDAR-based verification
- Human analyzes hours of recorded data
- Used MATLAB to semi-automate labeling and tracking of 3D LiDAR point clouds.



**Manual Labeling for 25 events took over 20 minutes.**  
**After full automation with MATLAB's tools, it took 5 minutes**





## LAYERS

Filter layers...

## INPUT

- ImageInputLayer
- SequenceInputLayer

## LEARNABLE

- Convolution2DLayer
- TransposedConvolution2DLayer
- FullyConnectedLayer
- LSTMLayer
- BiLSTMLayer

## ACTIVATION

- ReLULayer
- LeakyReLULayer
- ClippedReLULayer

## NORMALIZATION AND DROPOUT

## PROPERTIES

Number of layers	0
Number of connections	0
Input type	None
Output type	None

# Transfer Learning with Pre-trained Models

**Inception-v3**

**ResNet-101**

**VGG-16**

**Inception-ResNet-v2**

**ResNet-18**

**GoogLeNet**

**DenseNet-201**

**VGG-19**

**SqueezeNet**

**AlexNet**

**ResNet-50**

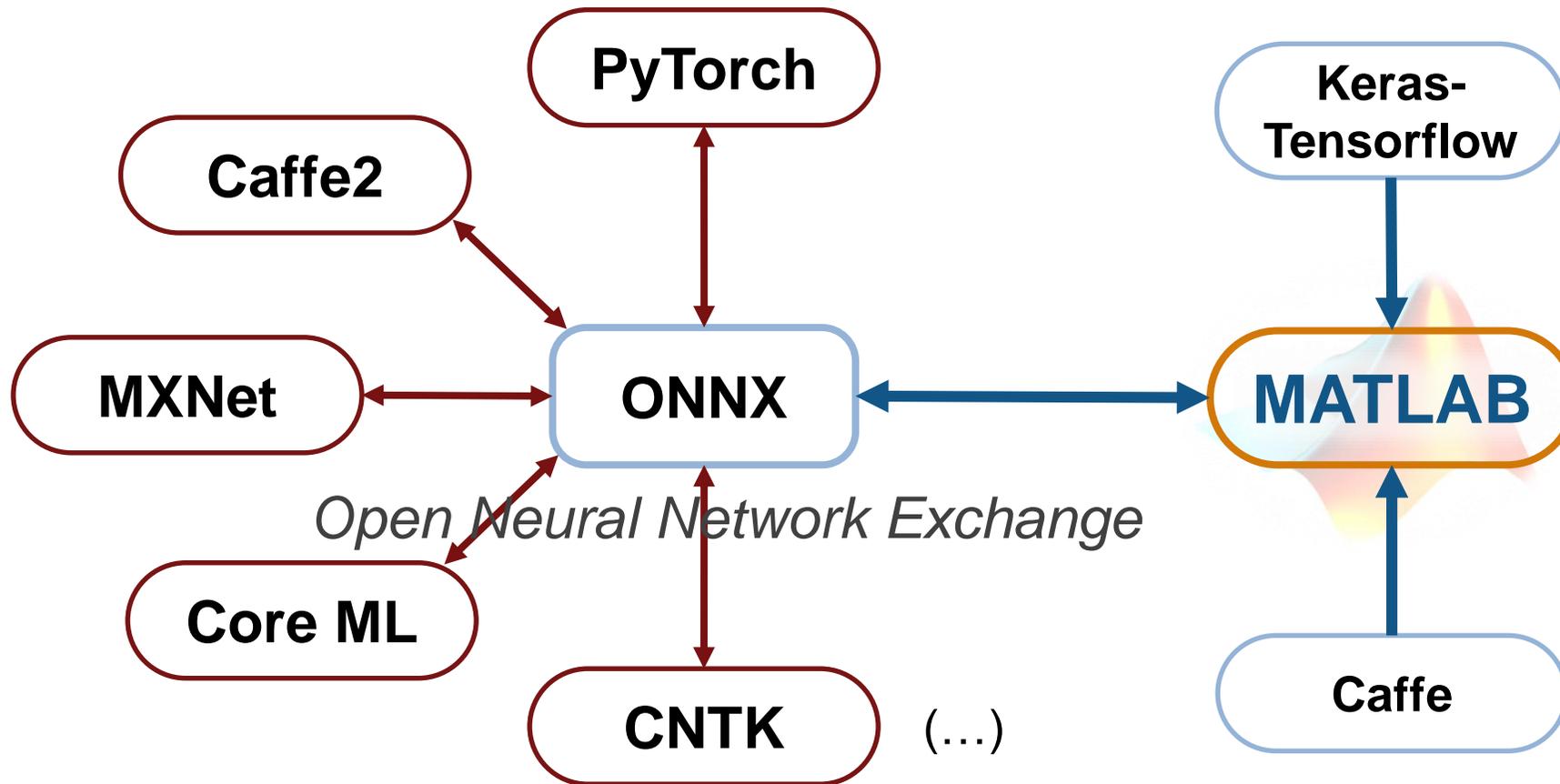
## Import & Export Models Between Frameworks

**Keras-Tensorflow  
Importer**

**Caffe Model  
Importer**

**ONNX Model  
Converter**

# Model Exchange with MATLAB



# Why MATLAB for A.I. Tasks?

**Increased productivity with interactive tools**

**Generate simulation data for complex models and systems**

**Ease of deployment and scaling to various platforms**

---

**Full A.I. workflows that cannot be easily replicated by other toolchains**

# Why MATLAB for A.I. Tasks?

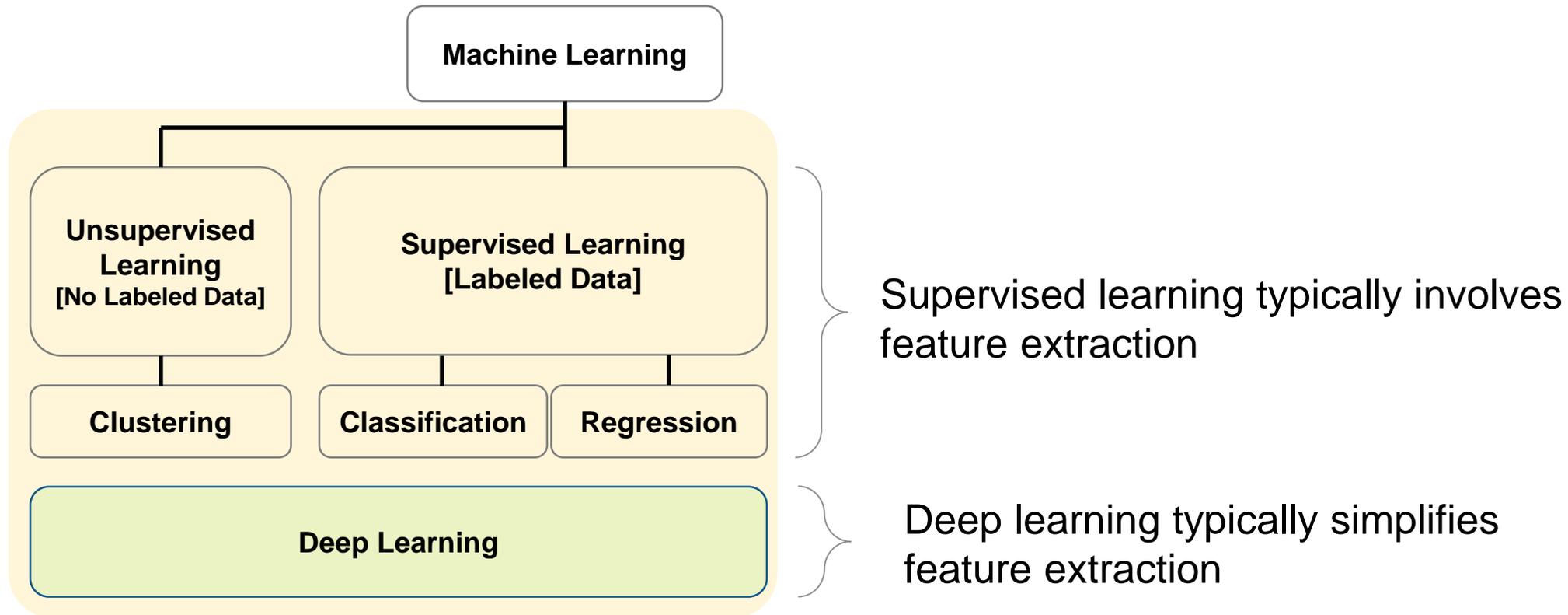
**Generate simulation data for complex models and systems**

**Reinforcement  
Learning**

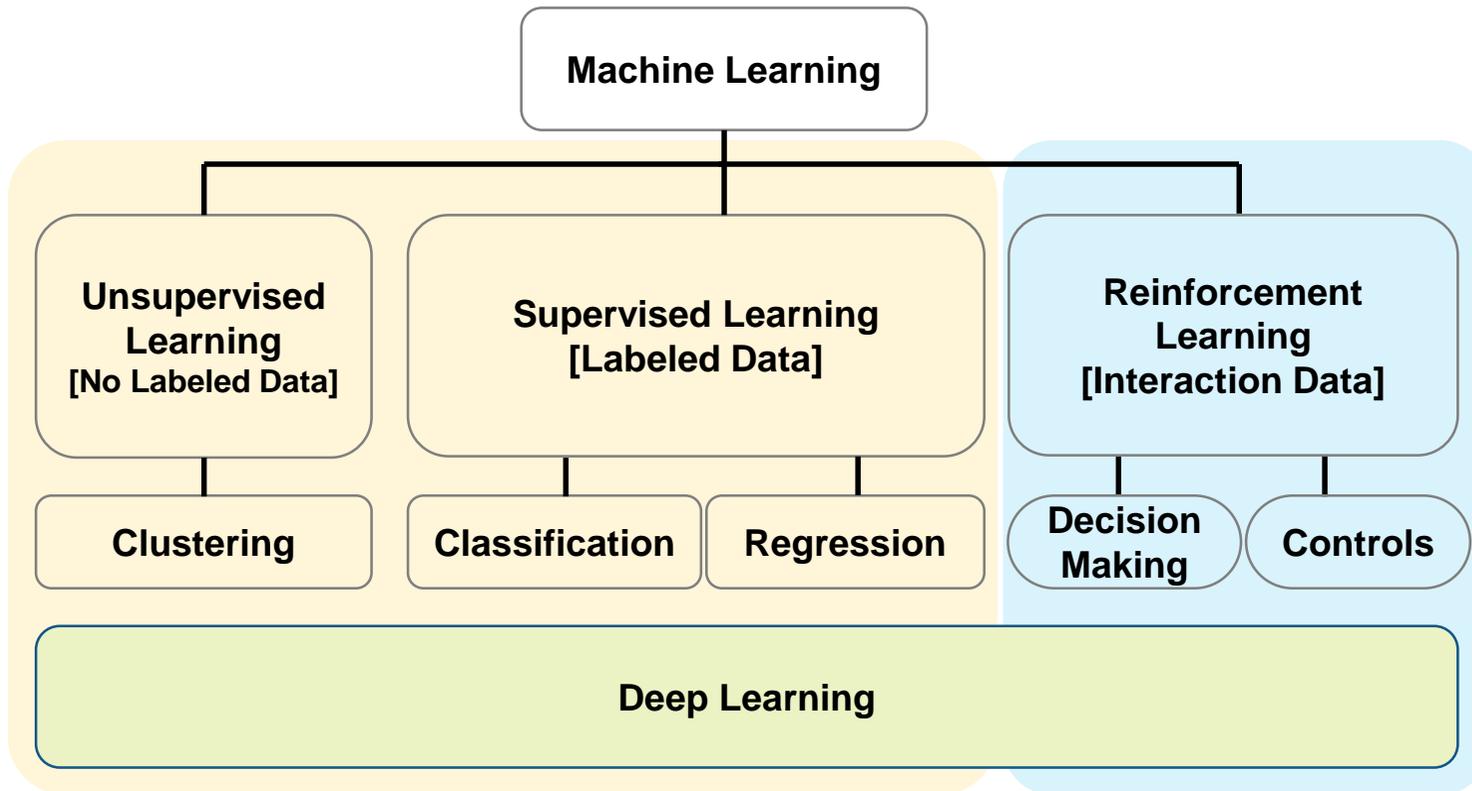
---

**Full A.I. workflows that cannot be easily  
replicated by other toolchains**

# Reinforcement Learning vs Machine Learning vs Deep Learning



# Reinforcement Learning vs Machine Learning vs Deep Learning

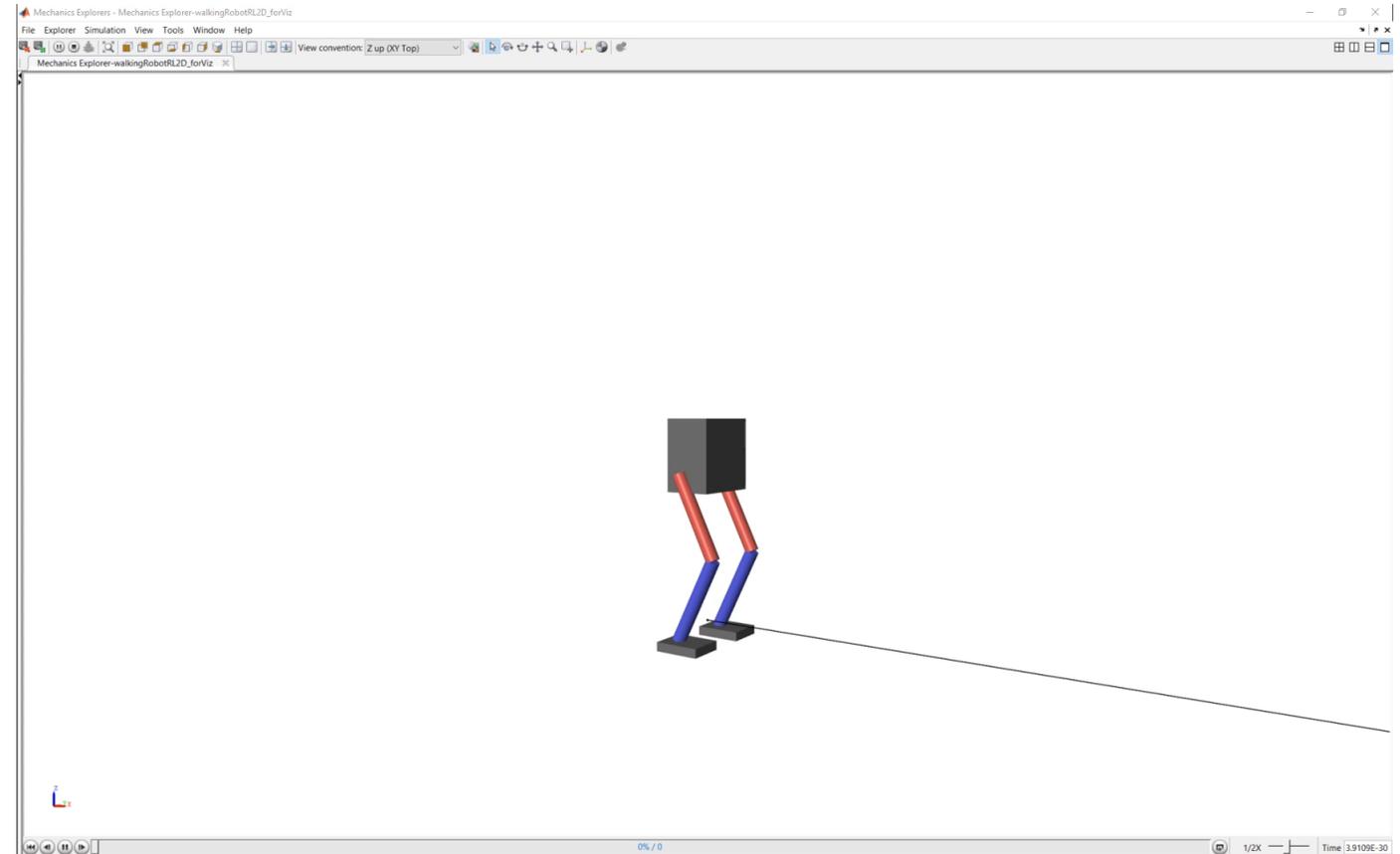


## Reinforcement learning:

- Learning through trial & error [*interaction*]
- It's about learning a **behavior** or accomplishing a **task**

# What is Reinforcement Learning?

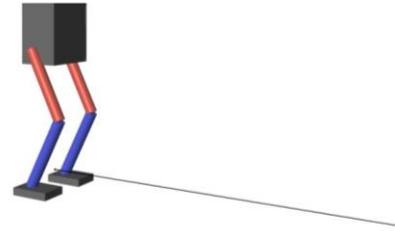
- What is Reinforcement Learning?
  - Type of machine learning that trains an **'agent'** through repeated interactions with an environment
- How does it work?
  - Through a trial & error process that uses a reward system to maximize success



# Reinforcement Learning enables the use of Deep Learning for Controls and Decision Making Applications



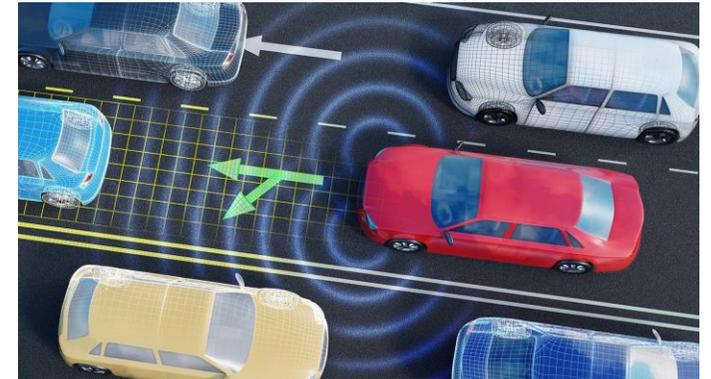
Controls



Robotics

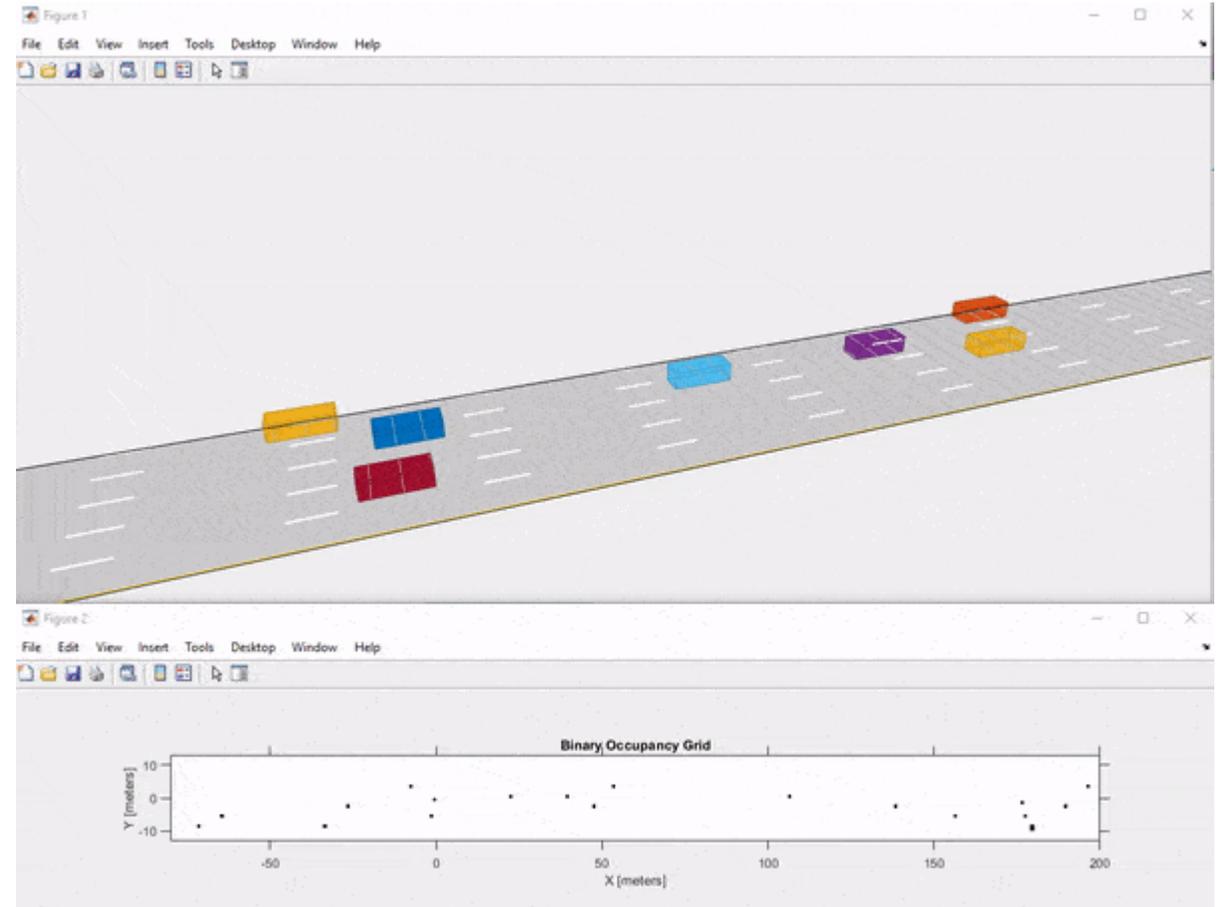
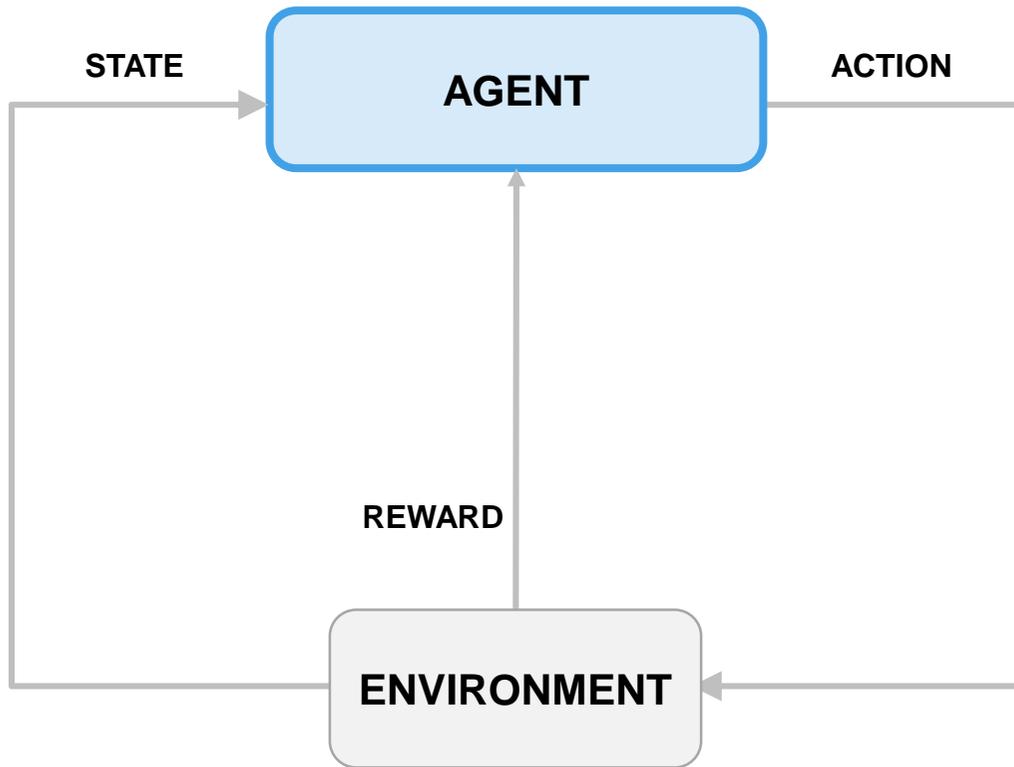


A.I. Gameplay



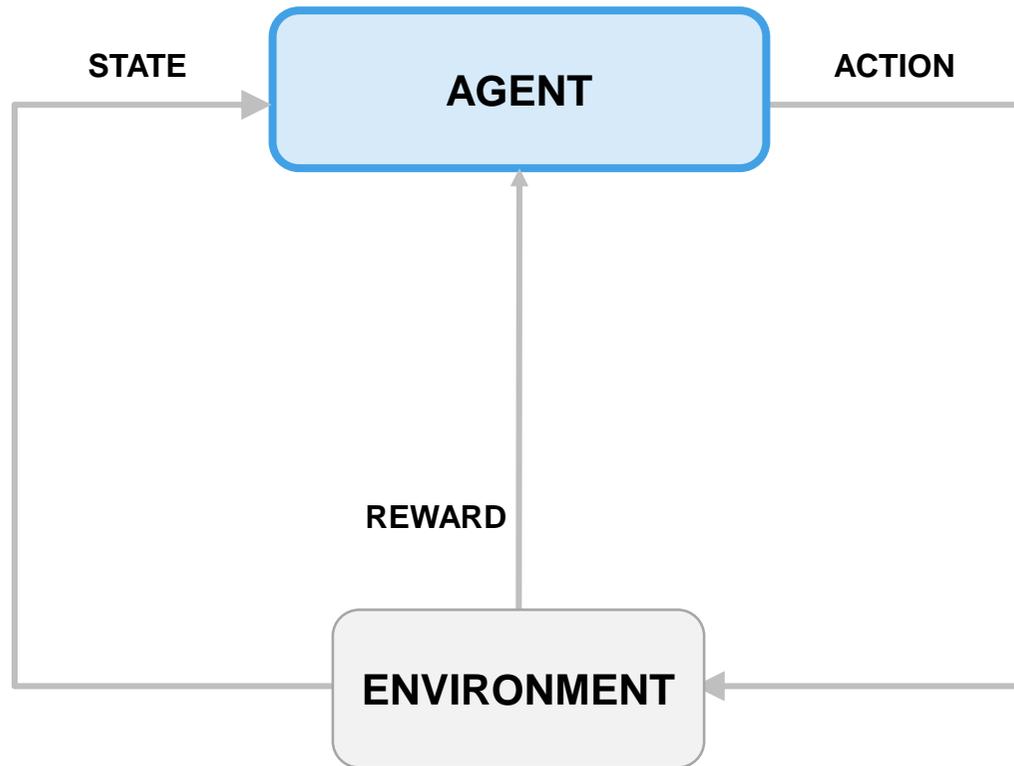
Autonomous driving

# How Does Reinforcement Learning Work?



# A Practical Example of Reinforcement Learning

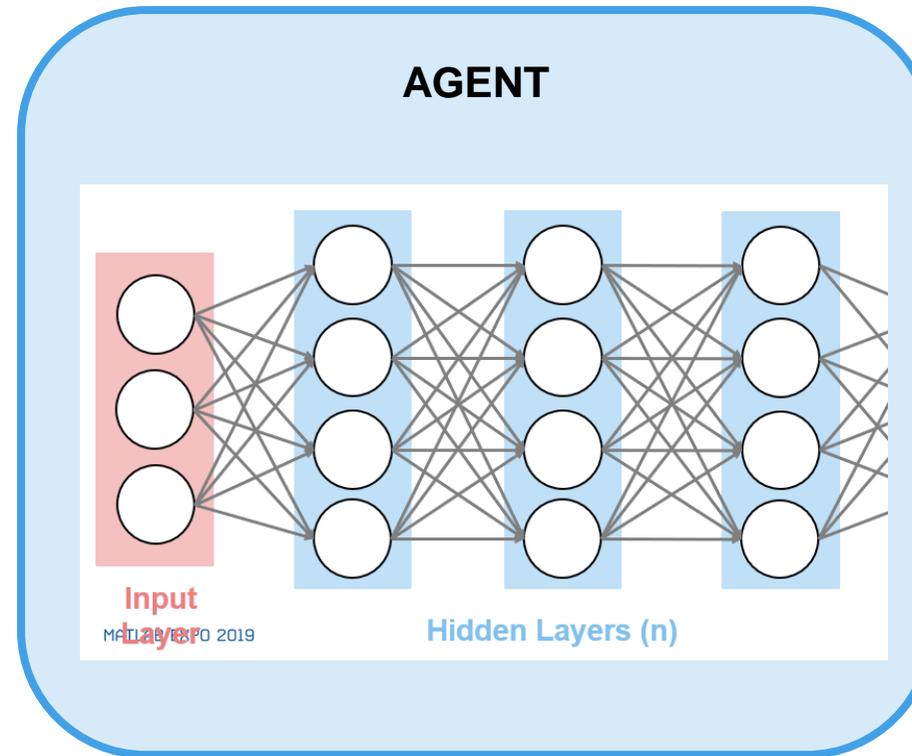
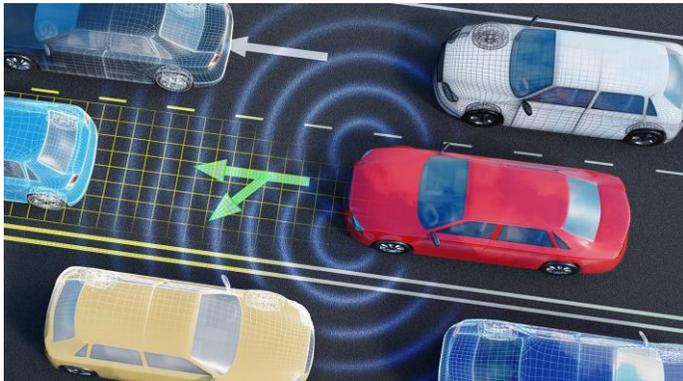
## Training a Self-Driving Car



- Vehicle's computer learns how to drive...  
(**agent**)
- using sensor readings from LIDAR, cameras,...  
(**state**)
- that represent road conditions, vehicle position,...  
(**environment**)
- by generating steering, braking, throttle commands,...  
(**action**)
- to avoid collisions and lane deviation...  
(**reward**).

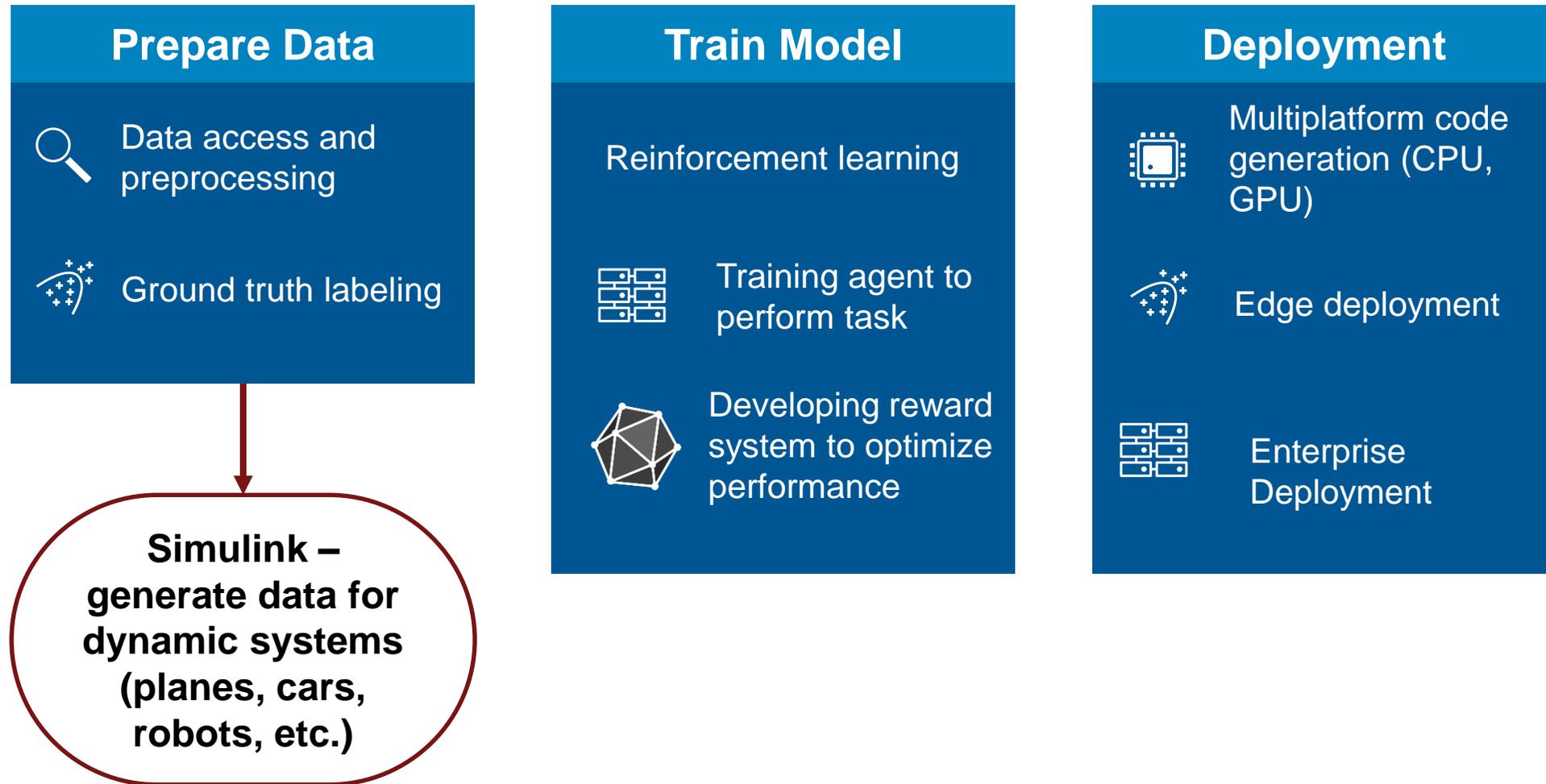
**The goal of Reinforcement learning is for the agent to find an optimal algorithm for performing a task**

**Deep Networks are commonly found in the agent, because they can model complex problems.**



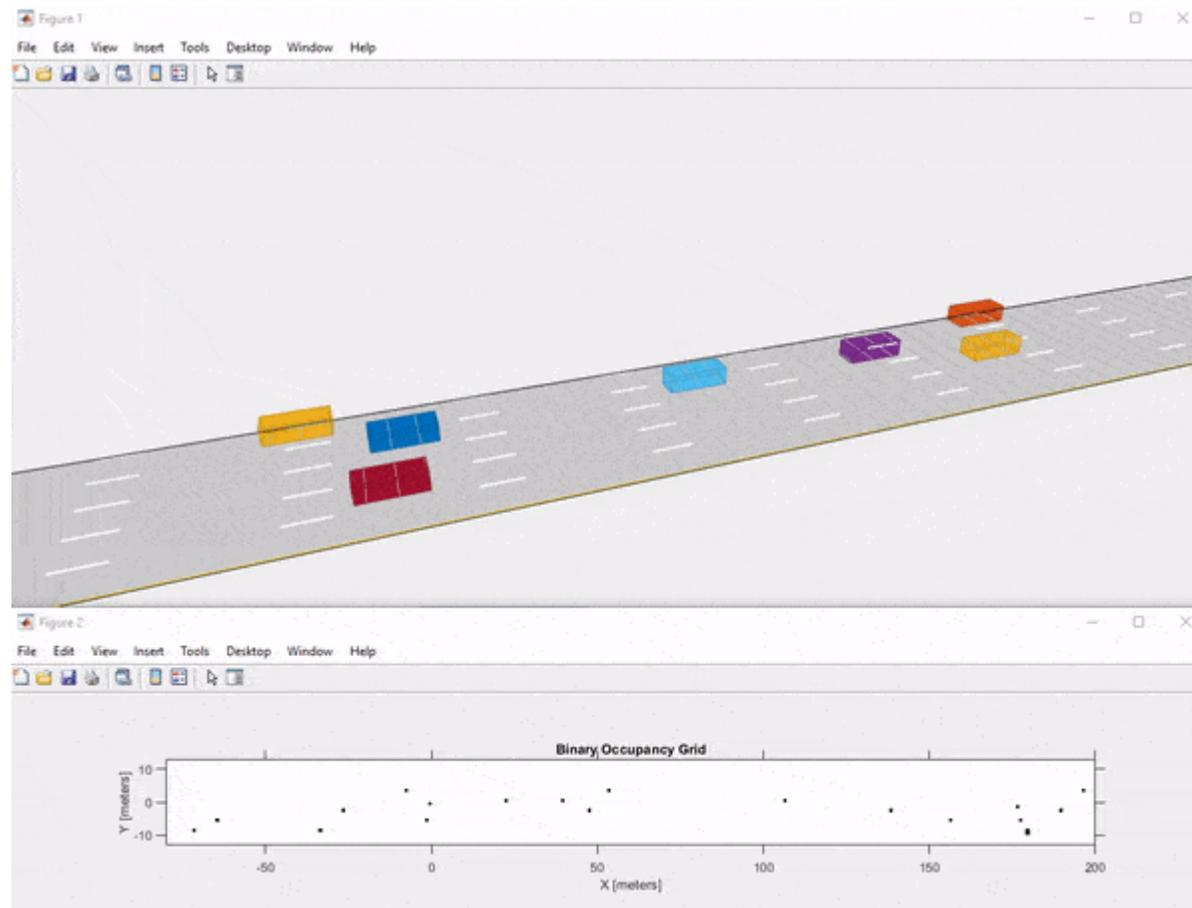
- **Turn left**
- **Turn right**
- **Brake**
- **Accelerate**

# Reinforcement Learning Workflow



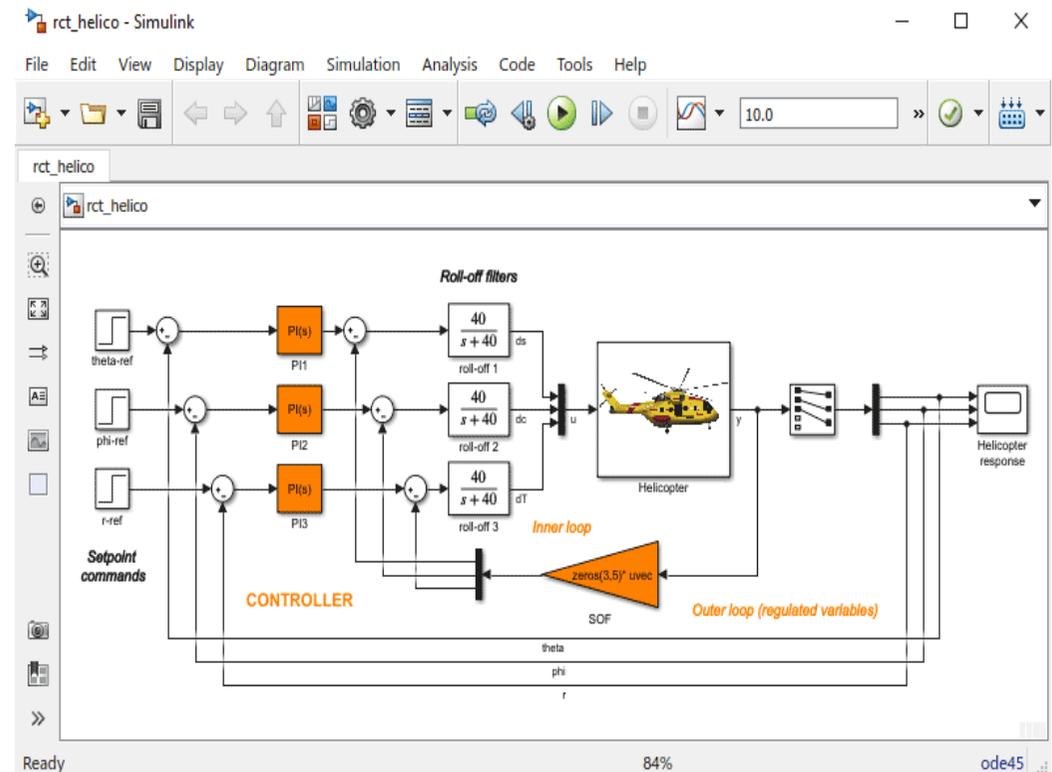
# Why MATLAB and Simulink for Reinforcement Learning?

*Virtual models allow you to simulate conditions hard to emulate in the real world.*



# Using MATLAB and Simulink for Reinforcement Learning

- Reinforcement learning is a dynamic process
- Decision making problems
  - Financial trading, calibration, etc.
- Controls-based problems
  - Lane-keep assist, adaptive cruise control, robotics, etc.



# Why MATLAB for A.I. Tasks?

**Increased productivity with interactive tools**

**Generate simulation data for complex models and systems**

**Ease of deployment and scaling to various platforms**

---

**Full A.I. workflows that cannot be easily replicated by other toolchains**

# Why MATLAB for A.I. Tasks?

**Increased productivity with interactive tools**

**Generate simulation data for complex models and systems**

Code

Embedded

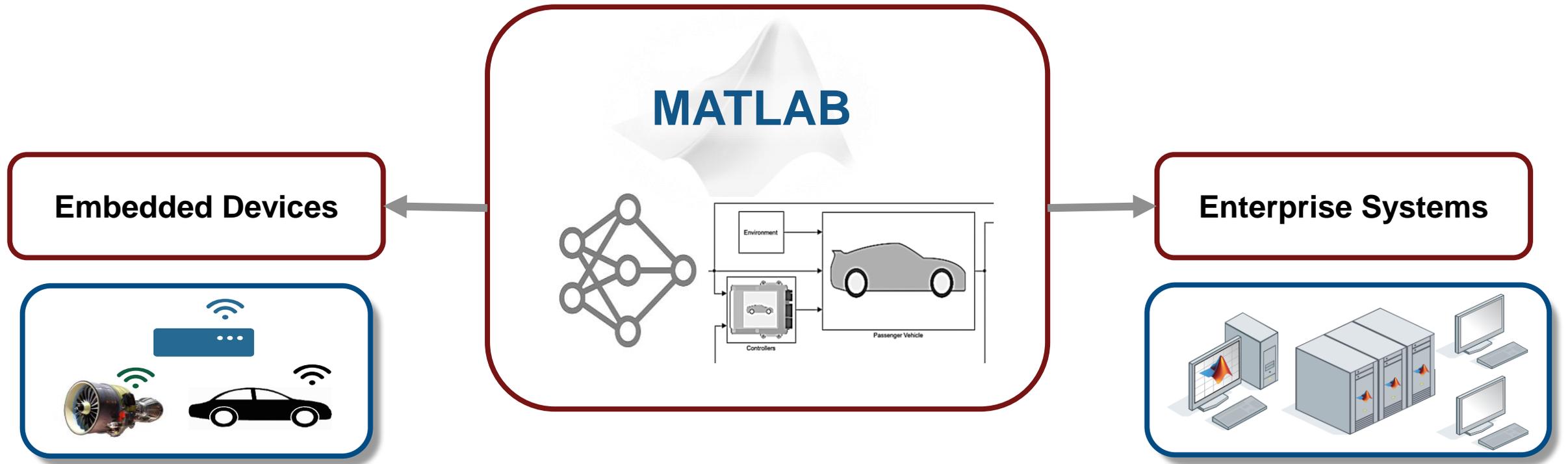
Enterprise

**Ease of deployment and scaling to various platforms**

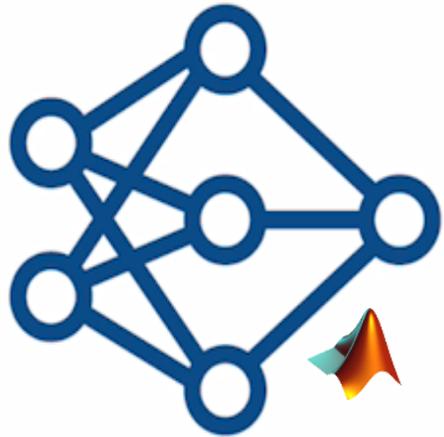
---

**Full A.I. workflows that cannot be easily replicated by other toolchains**

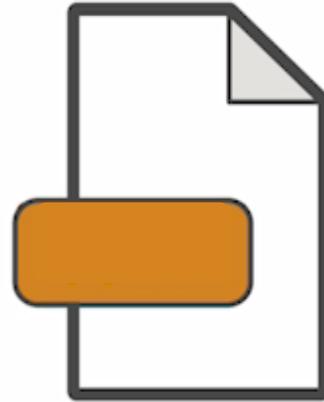
# Deployment and Scaling for A.I.



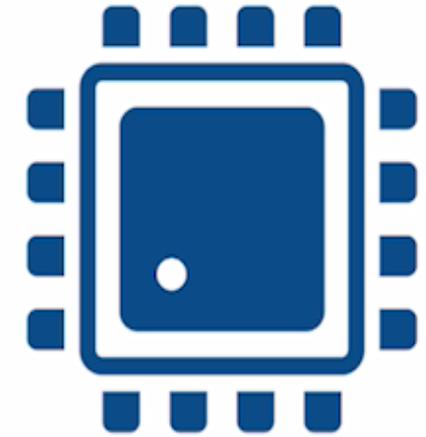
# Embedded Devices – Automatic Code Generation



MATLAB Code

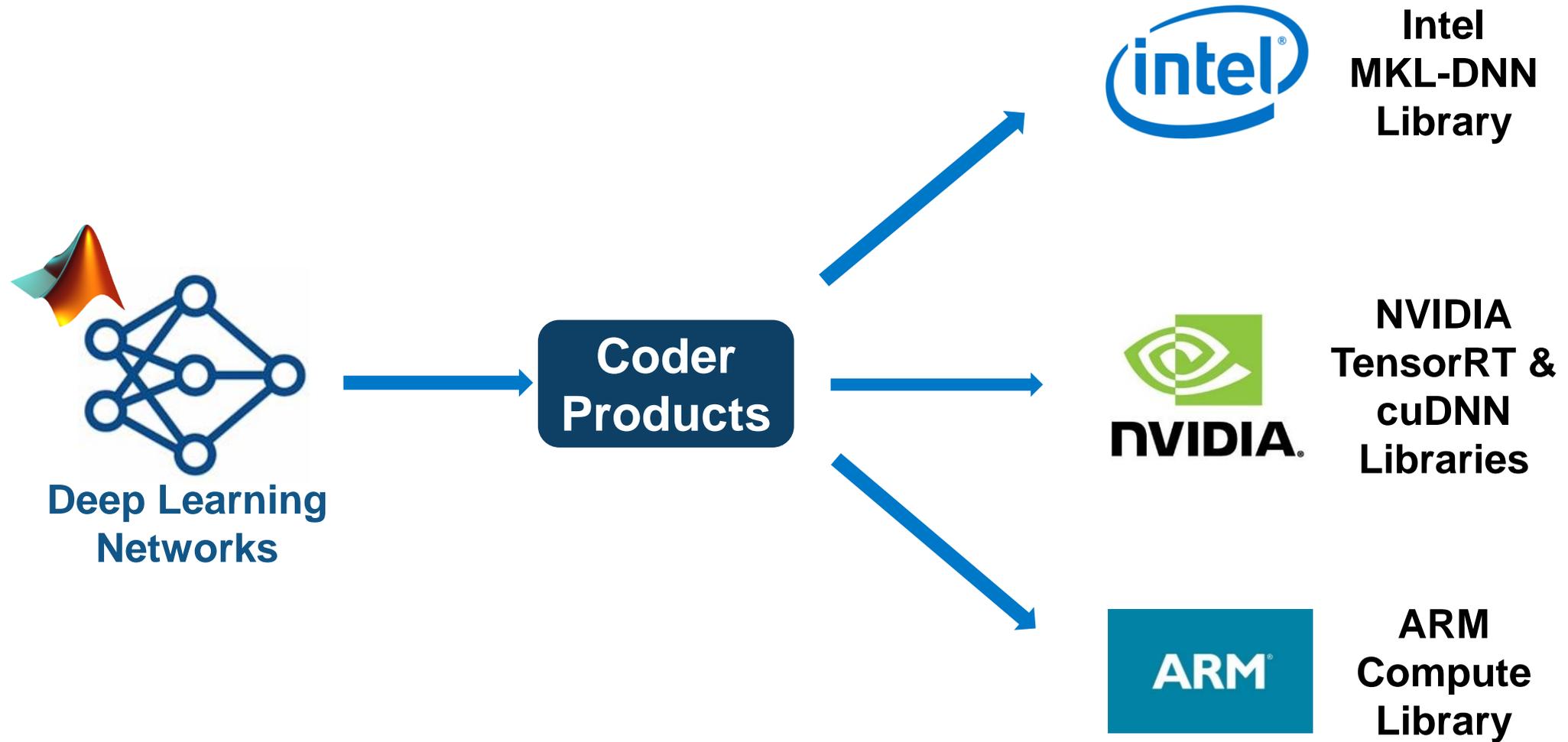


Auto-generated  
Code  
(C/C++/CUDA)

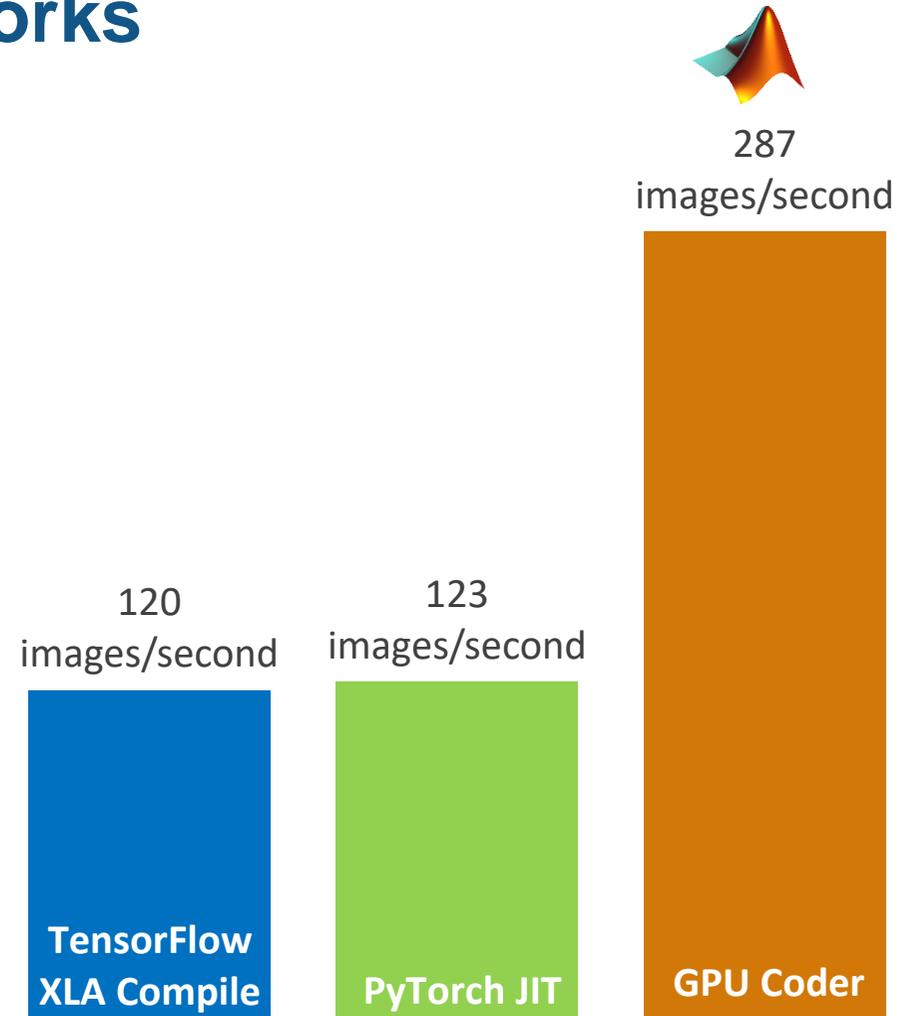


Deployment  
Target

# Deploying Deep Learning Models for Inference

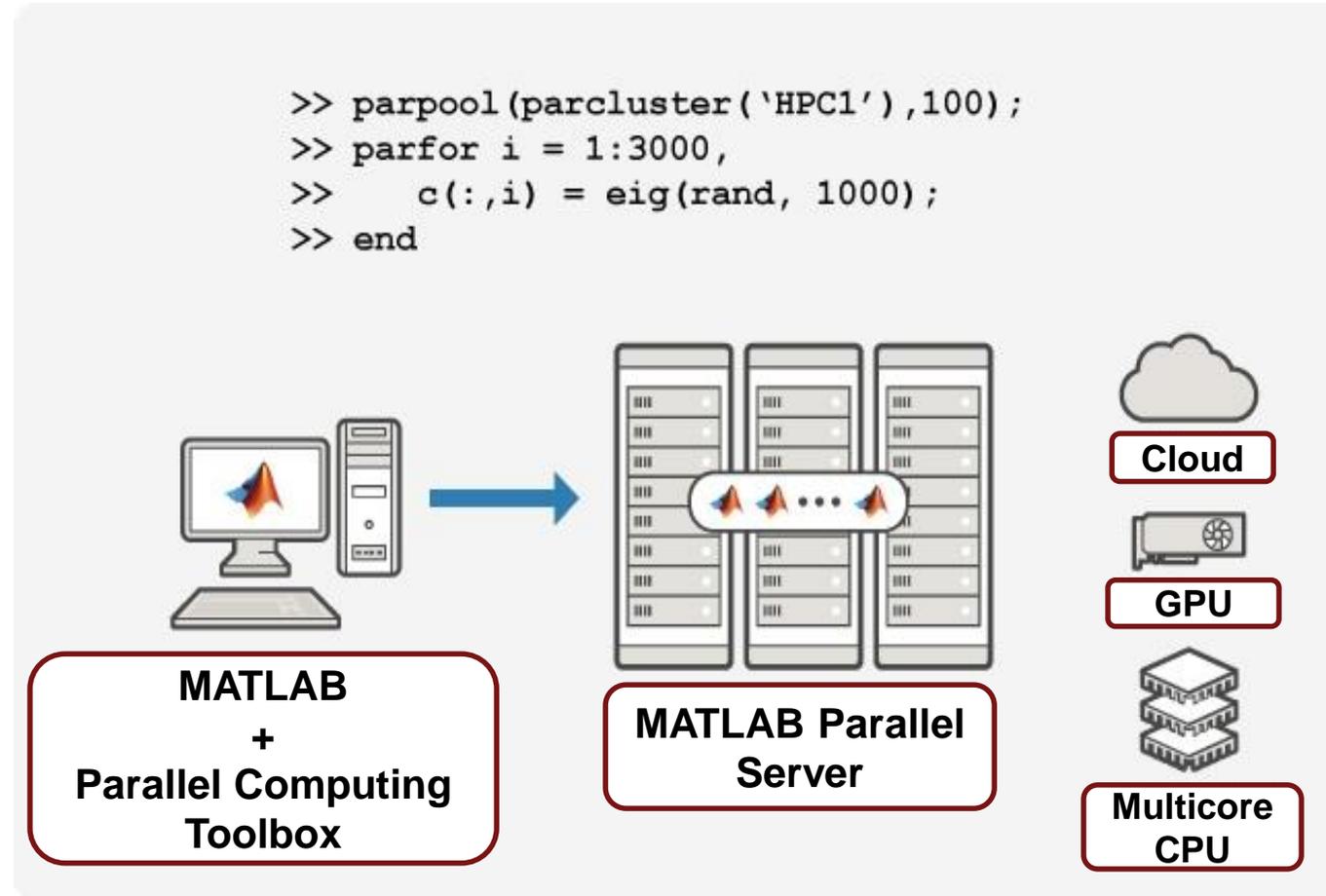


# GPU Coder is more than twice as fast as other compiled deep learning frameworks



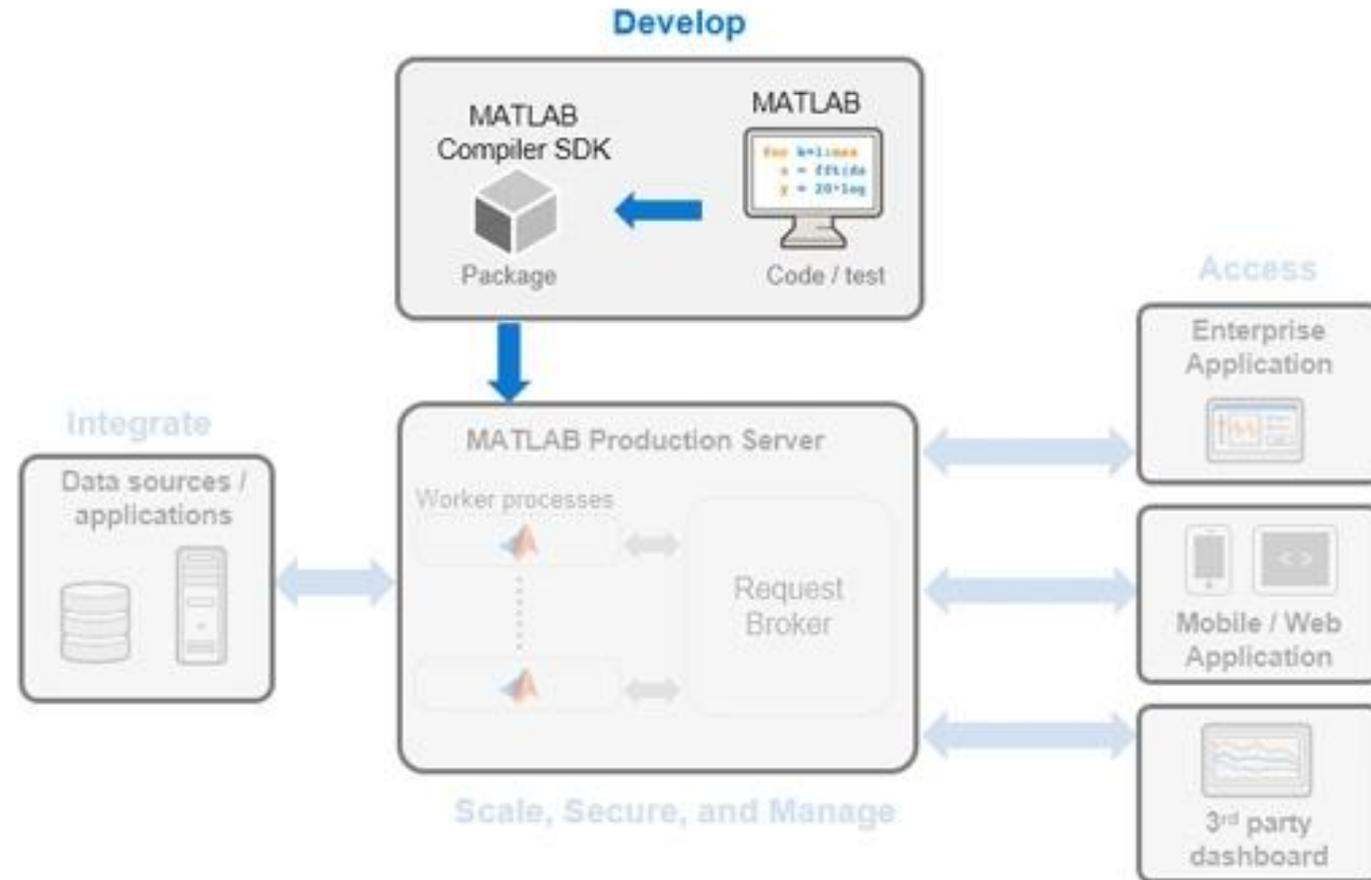
*Intel® Xeon® CPU 3.6 GHz with NVIDIA® Titan V GPU - NVIDIA libraries: CUDA® – cuDNN - Frameworks: TensorFlow™ 1.13.0, PyTorch 1.1.0 – ResNet-50 pre-trained model*

# Enterprise Deployment



*Run thousands of simulations in parallel with MATLAB Parallel Server to save hours of training time.*

# Enterprise Deployment



*Deployment to the cloud with MATLAB Compiler and MATLAB Production Server*

# Musashi Seimitsu Industry Co.,Ltd.

## Detect Abnormalities in Automotive Parts



Automated visual inspection of 1.3 million  
bevel gear per month

### MATLAB use in project:

- Preprocessing of captured images
- Image annotation for training
- Deep learning based analysis
  - Various transfer learning methods  
(Combinations of CNN models, Classifiers)
  - Estimation of defect area using Class Activation Map (CAM)
  - Abnormality/defect classification
- Deployment to NVIDIA Jetson using GPU Coder



# Why MATLAB for A.I. Tasks?

**Increased productivity with interactive tools**

**Generate simulation data for complex models and systems**

**Ease of deployment and scaling to various platforms**

---

**Full A.I. workflows that cannot be easily replicated by other toolchains**

## Call to action

- Visit the Deep Learning Booth!
- Related upcoming talks:
  - AI Techniques for Signals, Time-series, and Text Data
  - Sensor Fusion and Tracking for Autonomous Systems
  - Deploying Deep Neural Networks to Embedded GPUs and CPUs