MATLAB EXPO 2018

Demystifying Deep Learning

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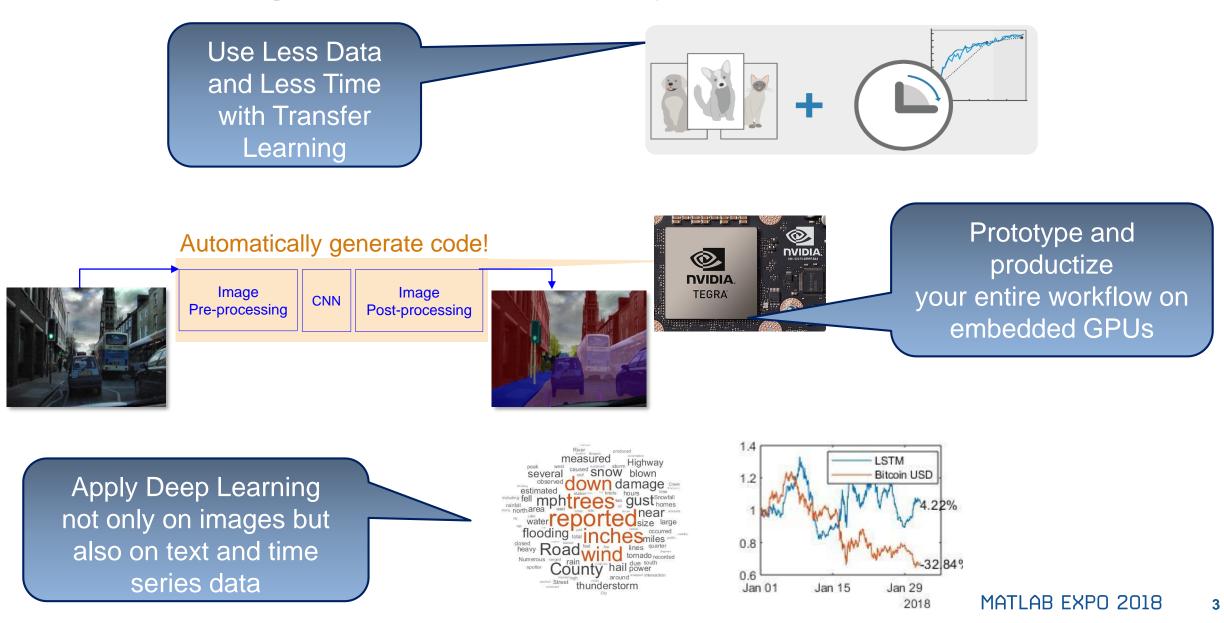


Agenda

- What's Deep Learning and why should I care?
- A practical approach to Deep Learning (for images)
 - Transfer the learning from an expert model to your own application
- Building a Deep Learning network from scratch
 - Deep Learning for time series and text data
- Key learnings of the session and cool features



Deep learning with MATLAB is easy and accessible!





Why Machine Learning or Deep Learning?



Enables engineers, researchers and other domain experts to create products and applications with more built-in intelligence

Transformational technology

Close (better) than human accuracy for specific tasks

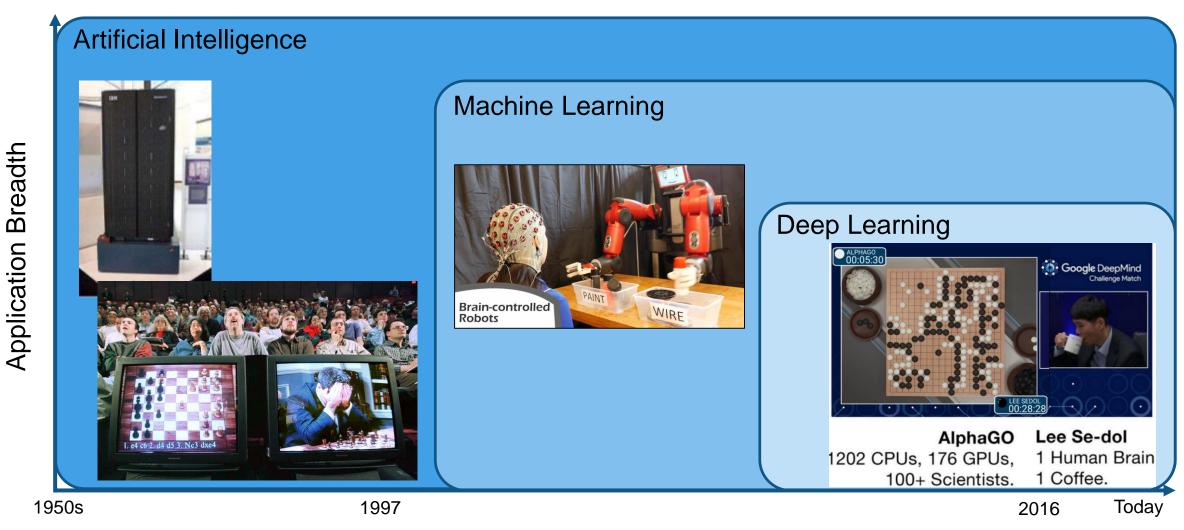
Performance scales with data

It is hard to use, it is challenging





Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Deep Learning

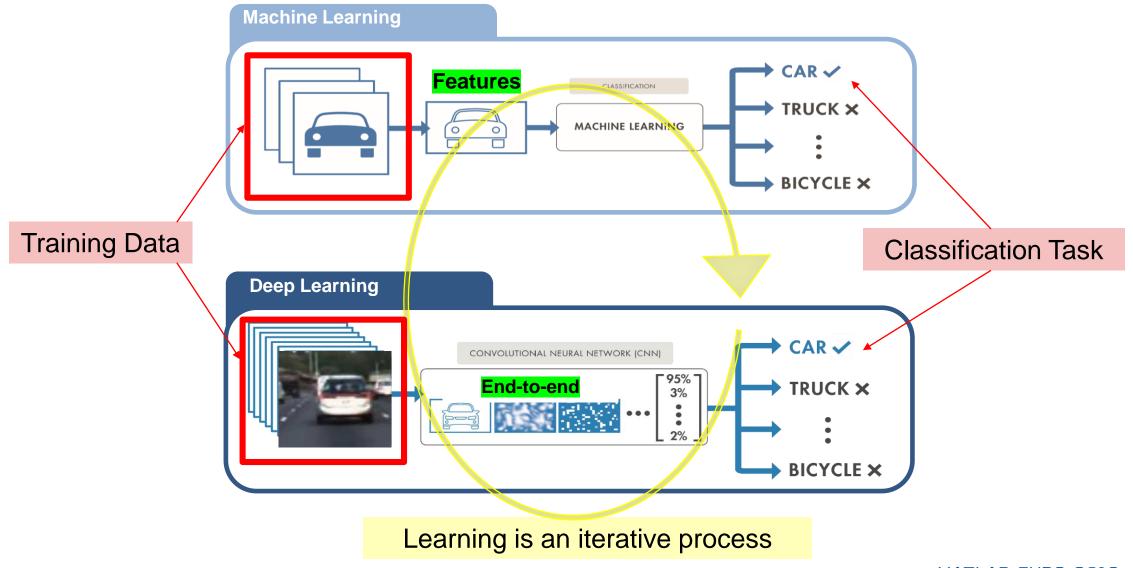


Timeline

5

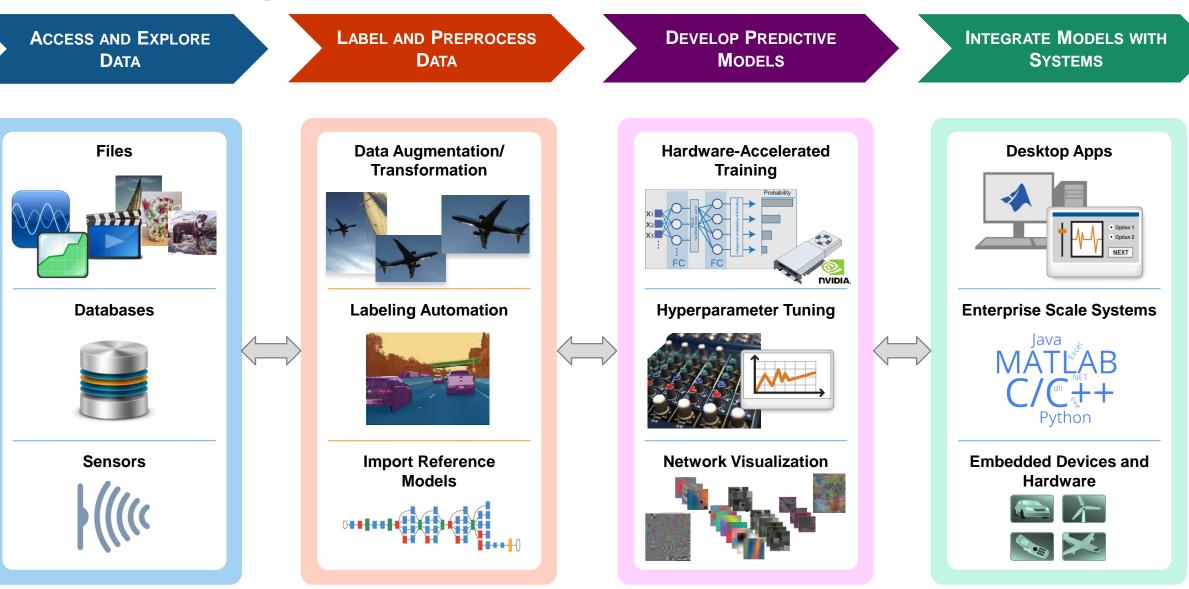


Machine Learning vs Deep Learning





Deep Learning Common Workflow

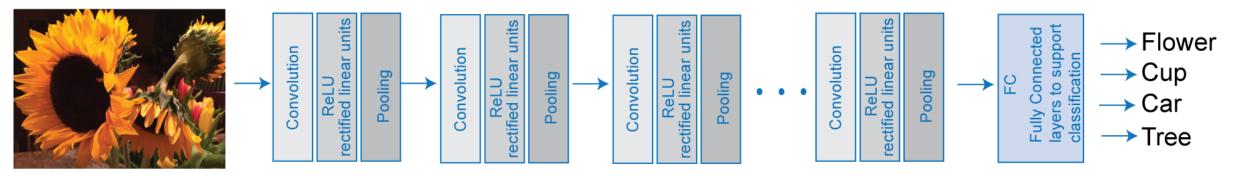


7



Deep learning is usually implemented using a neural network architecture

- The term "deep" refers to the number of layers in the network—the more layers, the deeper the network.
- Data flows through network in layers, which provide transformation of data



Input Image

Convolutional Neural Network

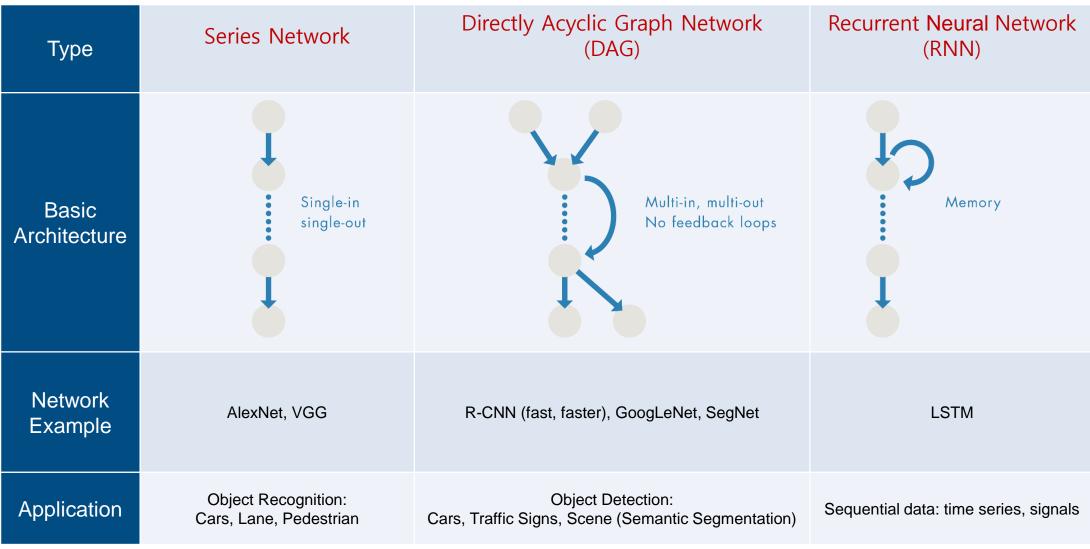


Convolutional Neural Network is a popular Deep Learning architecture

Shallow Neural Network	Convolutional Neural N	letwork
Input Hidden Output Layer Layer	Input Layer Hidden Layers (n)	Output Layer
Every input neuron Connects to every neuron in the hidden layer	Local receptive fields connect to neurons in the hidden layer Translate across an image create a feature map efficiently with convolution	Input Kernel a b c d w xe f g h y zi j k $lOutputaw + bx+ ey + fz$



Deep Learning: different types of network architectures





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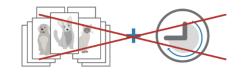


Deep Learning can be complex and challenging to apply



Design Deep Learning & Vision Algorithms

KERAS



Accelerate and Scale Training



High Performance Deployment

Main Challenges

- Handle large image sets
- Image labeling is tedious
- Have access to models

Main Challenges

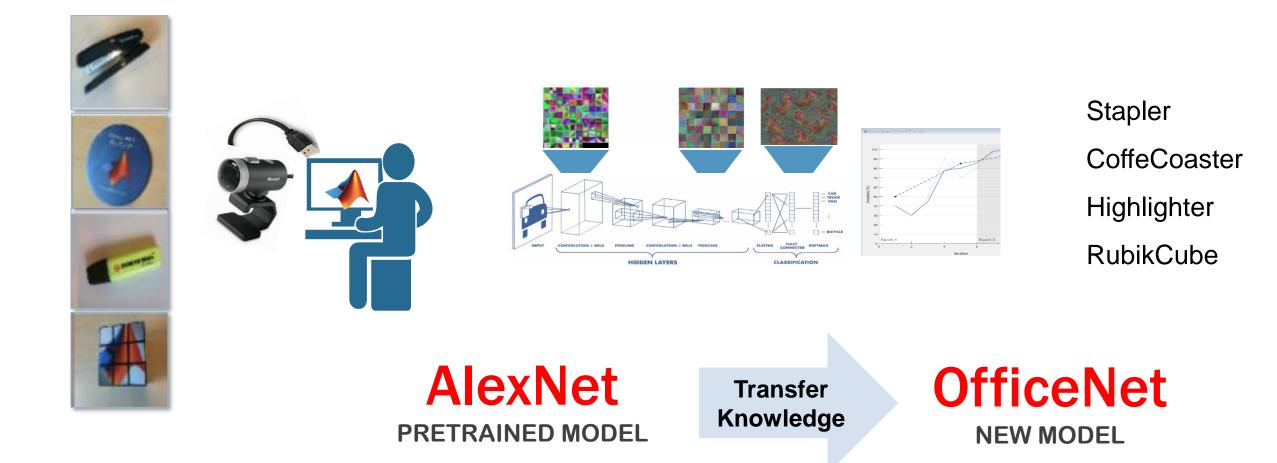
- Capability of training with multiple GPUs
- Capability of training in the cloud

Main Challenges

- Convert models to CUDA code
- Compress models to fit into embedded GPUs. MATLAB EXPO 2018

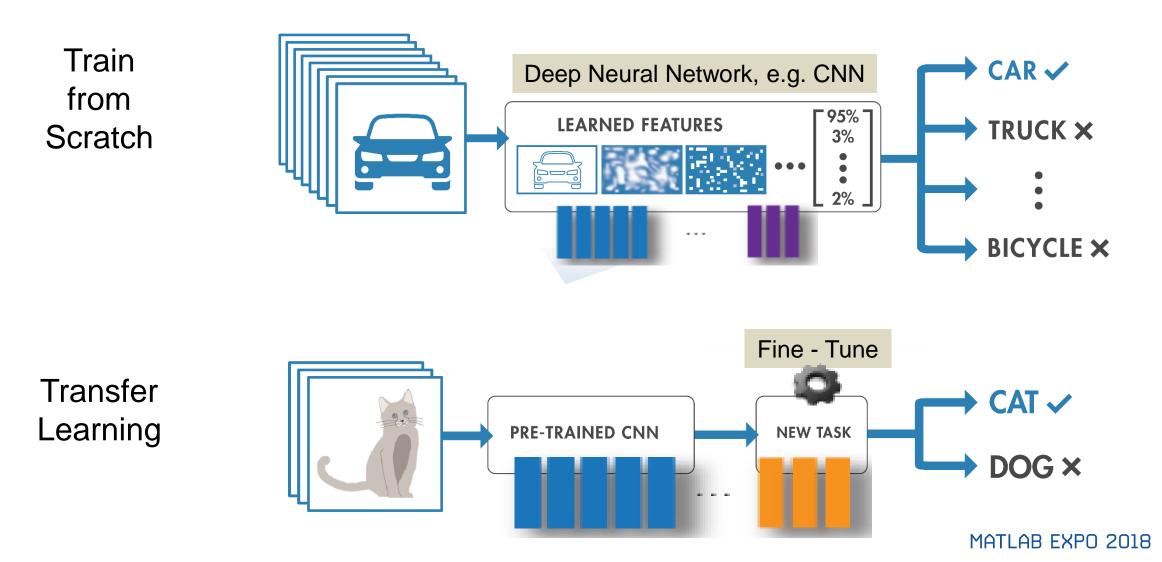


Object Recognition using Deep Learning in MATLAB Supervised Learning



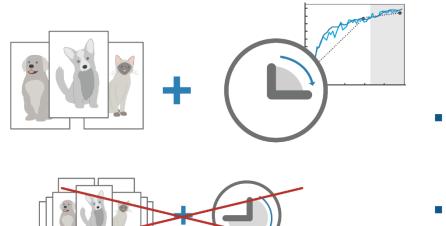


Where to start? Two Approaches for Deep Learning





Why Perform Transfer Learning?



- Less data
- Less training time

- Leverage best network types from top researchers
- Reference models are great feature extractors





Transfer Learning Workflow

Load pretrained network

Early layers that learned Last layers that learned task specific features
(edges, blobs, colors)
Image: Colored colore

Replace final layers

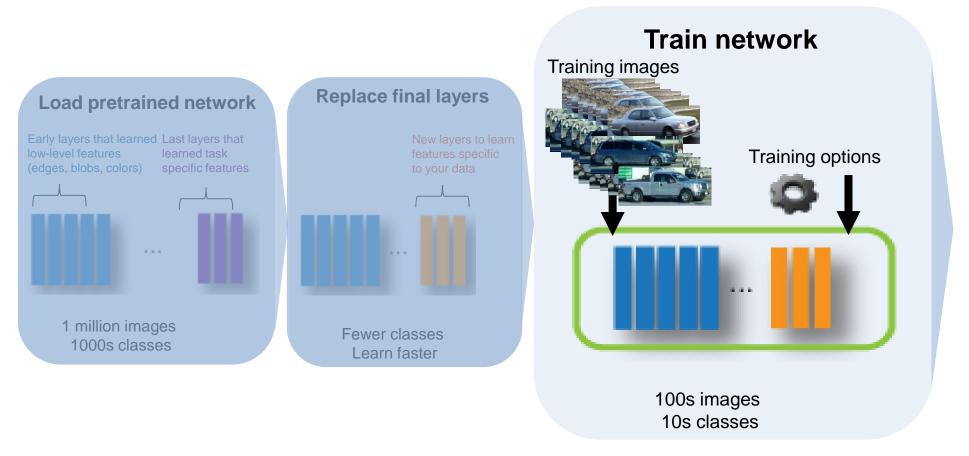
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Fewer classes Learn faster

New layers learn features specific to your data

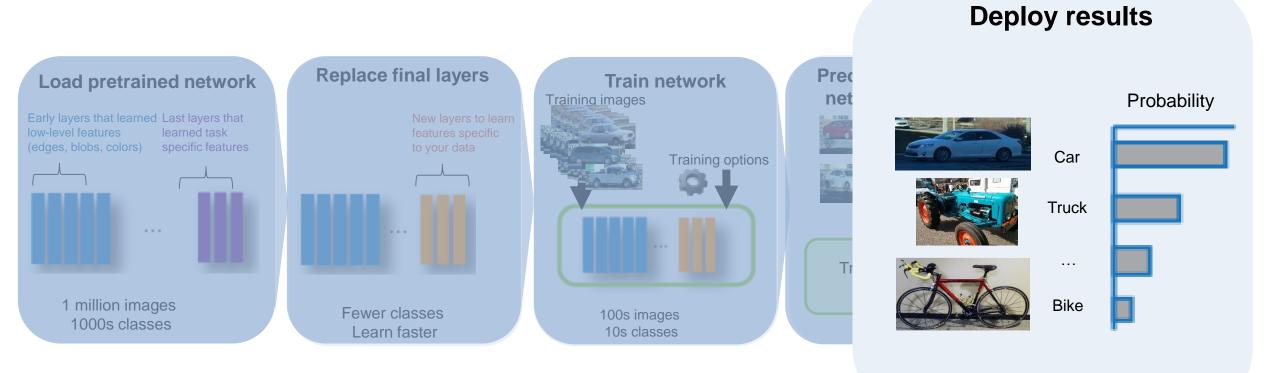


Transfer Learning Workflow



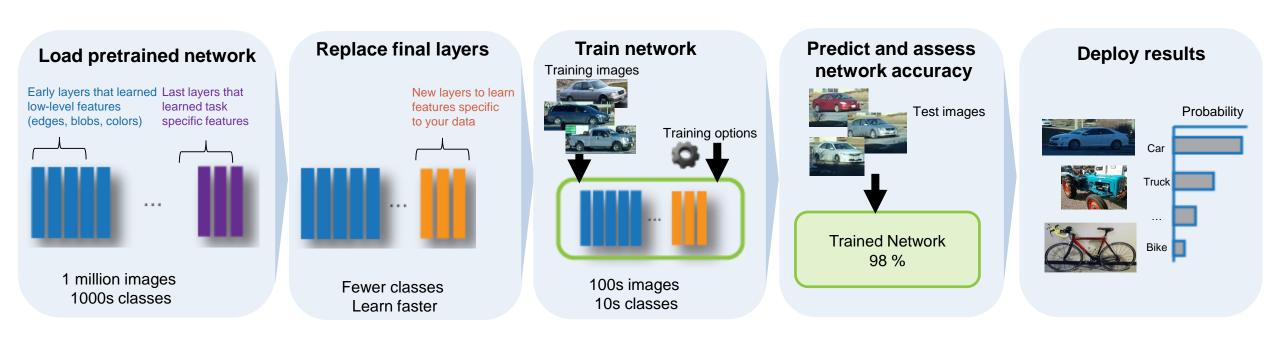
A MathWorks

Transfer Learning Workflow



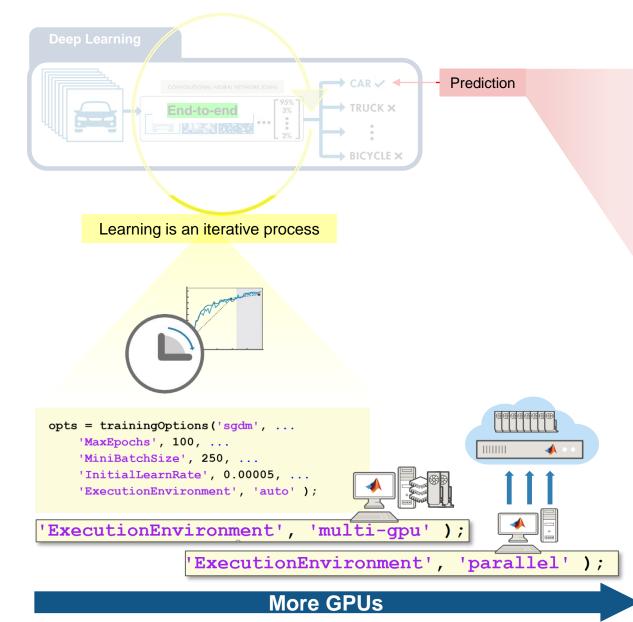


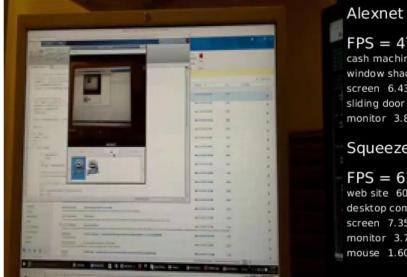
Transfer Learning Workflow





Accelerate training and prediction!





FPS = 471.21cash machine 43.46% window shade 32.75% screen 6.43% sliding door 4.52% monitor 3.89%

Squeezenet

FPS = 613.20web site 60.41% desktop computer 22.82% screen 7.35% monitor 3.79% mouse 1.60%

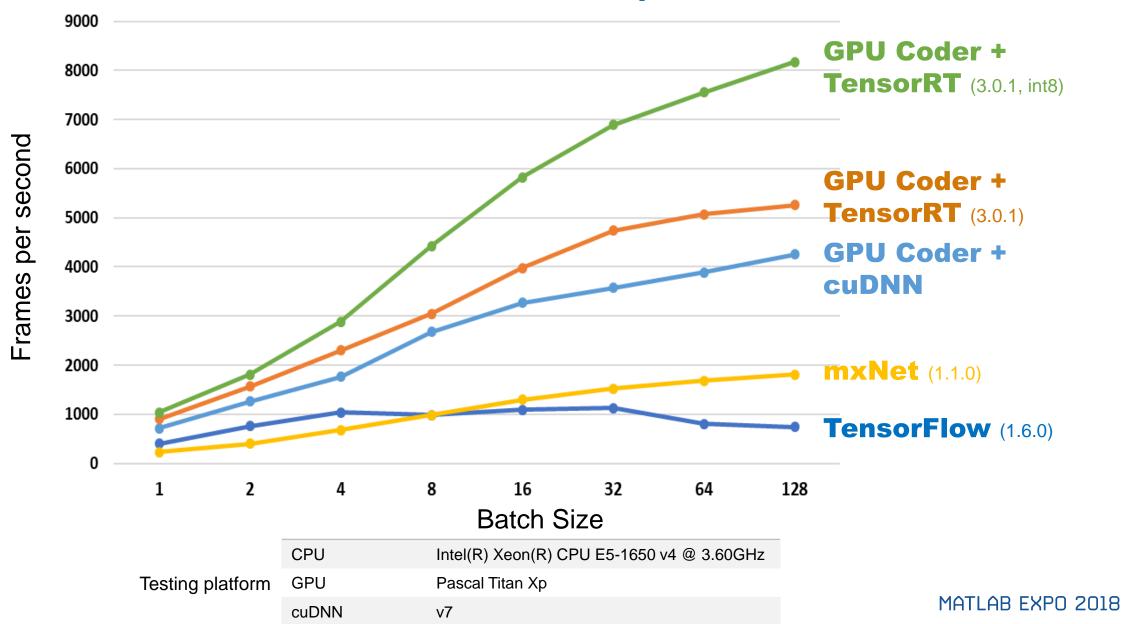
Alexnet vs Squeezenet

Whitepaper: Deep Learning in the Cloud



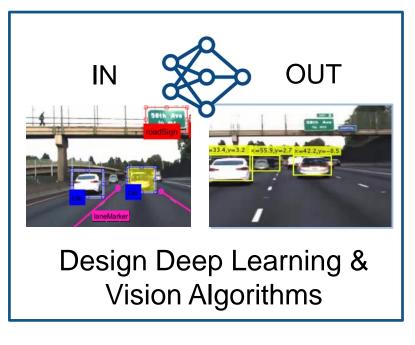
21

Alexnet Inference on NVIDIA Titan Xp



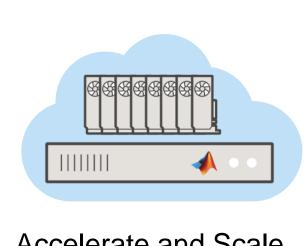


Deep Learning is easy and accessible with MATLAB!



Highlights

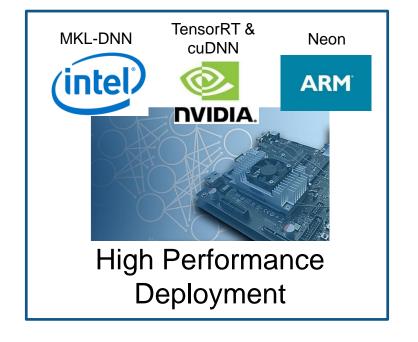
- **Datastores** for large image sets
- Automate image labeling
- Direct access to models within MATLAB with support packages
- Import Tensor Flow Keras and Caffe networks



Accelerate and Scale Training

Highlights

- Single line of code to:
- Accelerate training with
 - multiple GPUs or
 - Scale to clusters



Highlights

- Automate compilation with GPU Coder
- 1.4x speedup over C++ Caffe on Jetson TX2

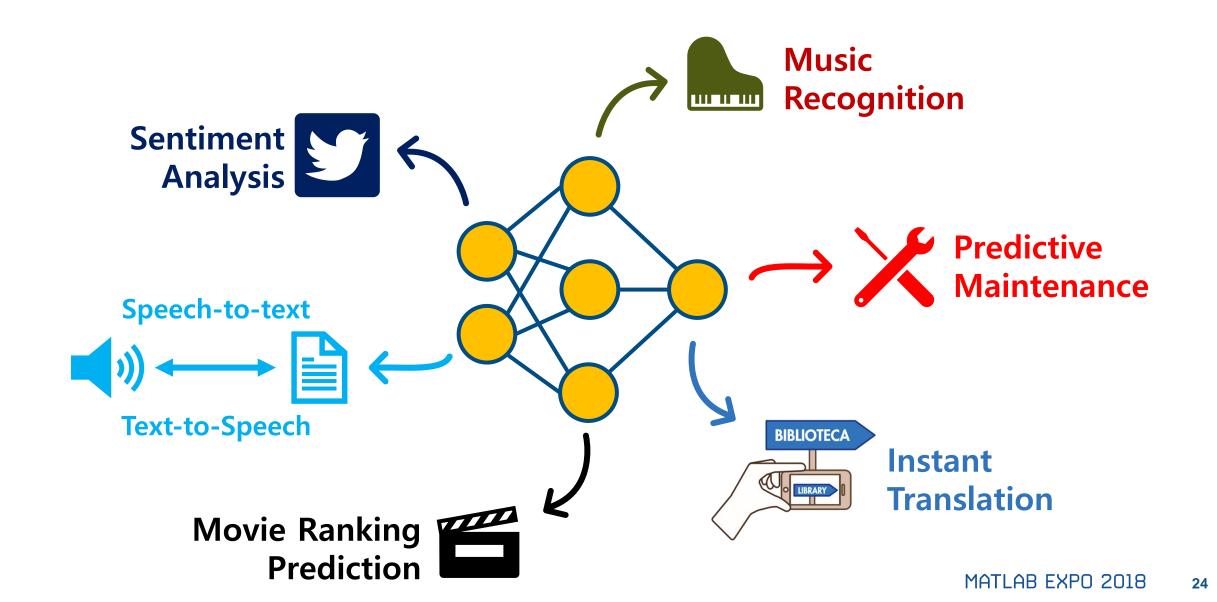


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Deep Learning for Time Series, Sequences and Text





Deep Learning for Time Series Example: Seizure prediction (time series classification)

Goal: Predict seizures in long-term

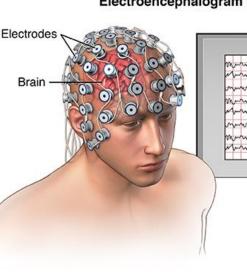
Dataset: iEGG time series

Data size: 20GB

MELBOURNE

THE UNIVERSITY OF

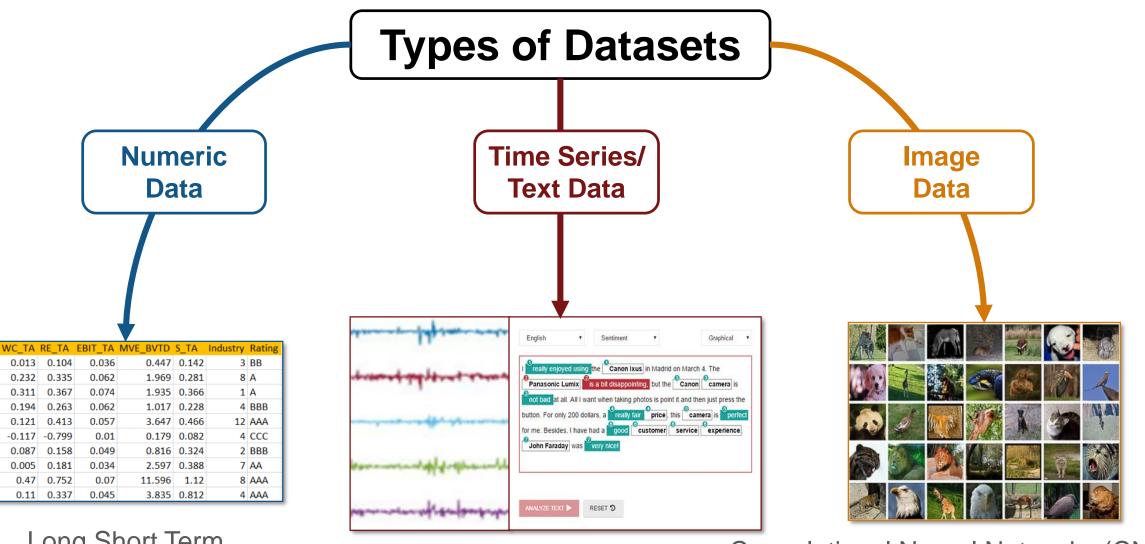
Output: Classification before or between seizure



Electroencephalogram (EEG)

EEG reading





Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN) Directed acyclic graph networks (DAG)

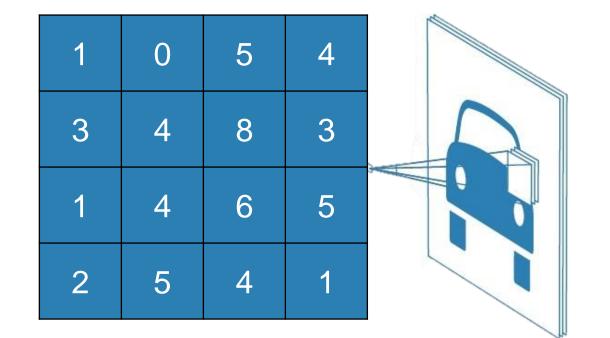
LSTM or CNN



Deep Learning for Time Series CNN: Data for Time series = Pixel for Images

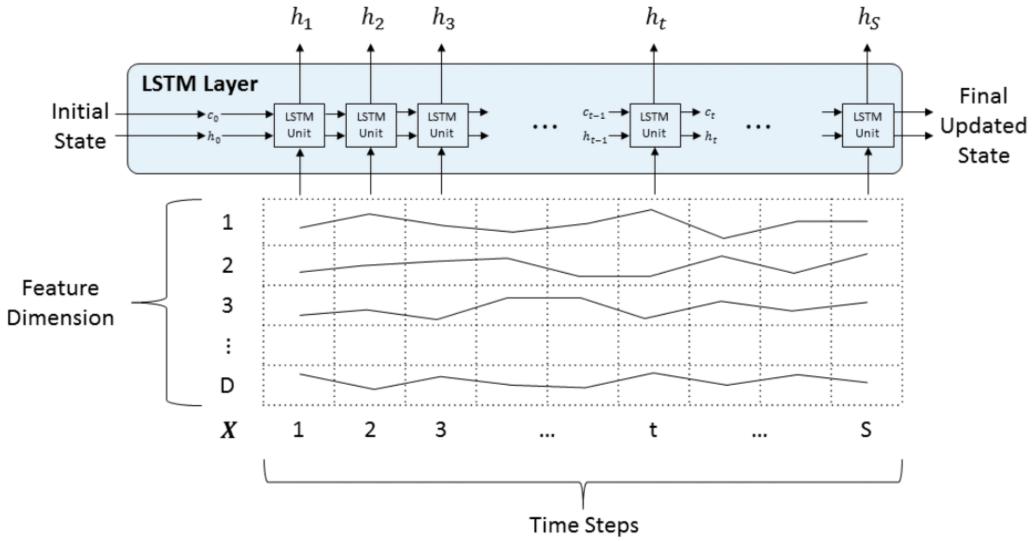


0.2	-0.5	-1	-2.1
-1.3	0.8	1.1	-2
1.2	0	1.2	1.6
0.8	0.7	-0.2	-0.4





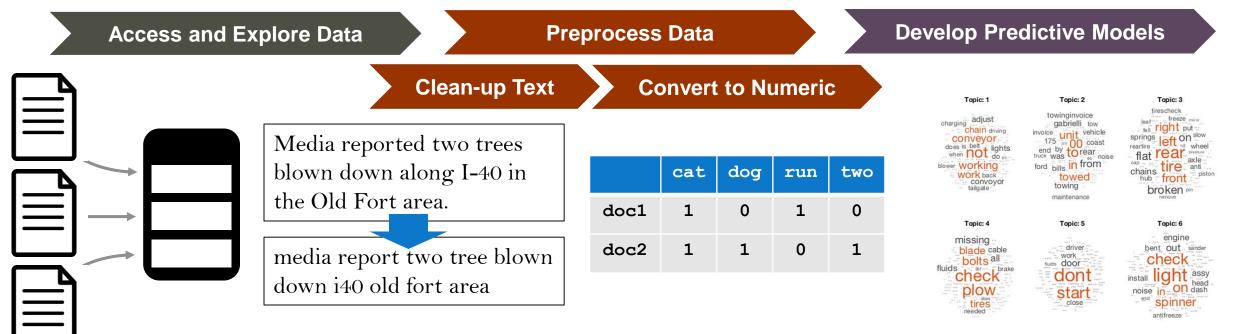
Deep Learning for Time Series Long Short Term Memory (LSTM) Network





Text Analytics

R2017**b**



- Word Docs
- PDF's
- Text Files

- Stop Words
- Stemming
- Tokenization

- Bag of Words
- TF-IDF
- Word Embeddings
- LSTM
- Latent Dirichlet Allocation
- Latent semantic analysis



Key Takeaways: Deep Learning for Time Series and Text

- Applications
 - Time series
 - forecasting
 - classification (Predictive Maintenance)
 - Text
 - classification (Sentiment Analysis, Tagging)
 - clustering (Topic Modelling)
- Text Analytics: Prepend
 - Text preprocessing
 - Conversion to numeric

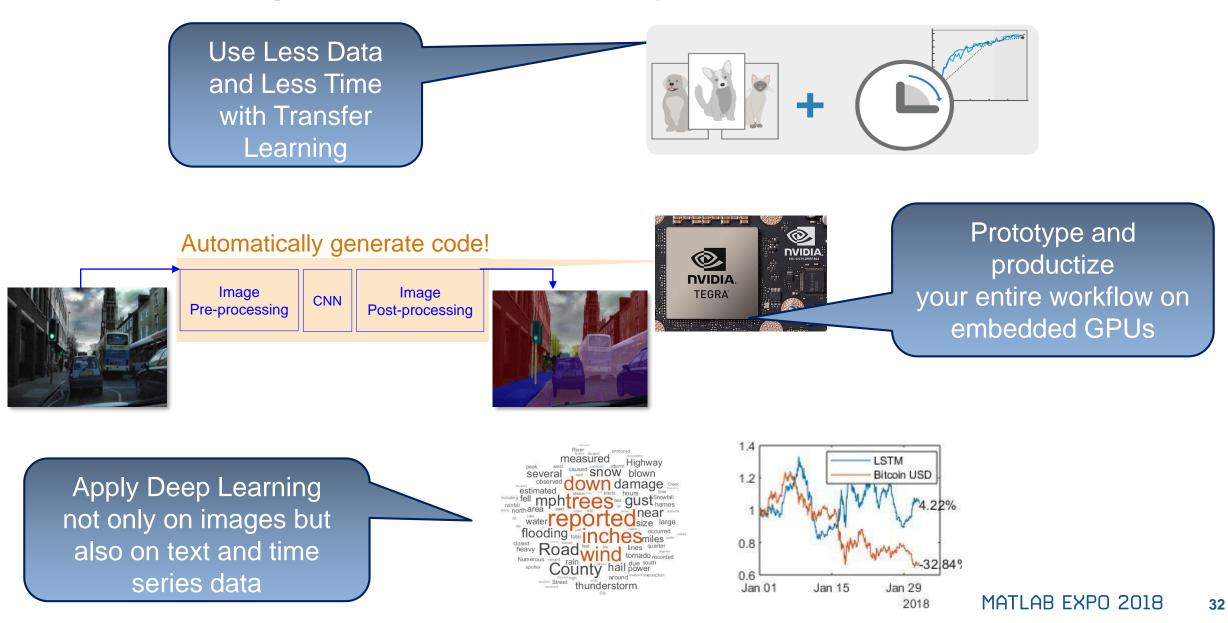


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Algorithm Development, Testing & Verification

Neural Network Toolbox™ GPU Coder™



Plot and analyze your network using network analyzer, generate CUDA code that integrates with TensorRT, and deploy deep learning networks to Intel and ARM processors.

Time Series



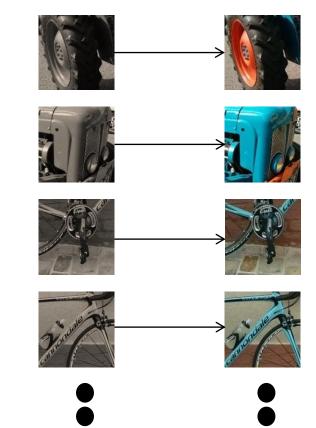
Mini-batchable datastore

Have a small number of large high-res images



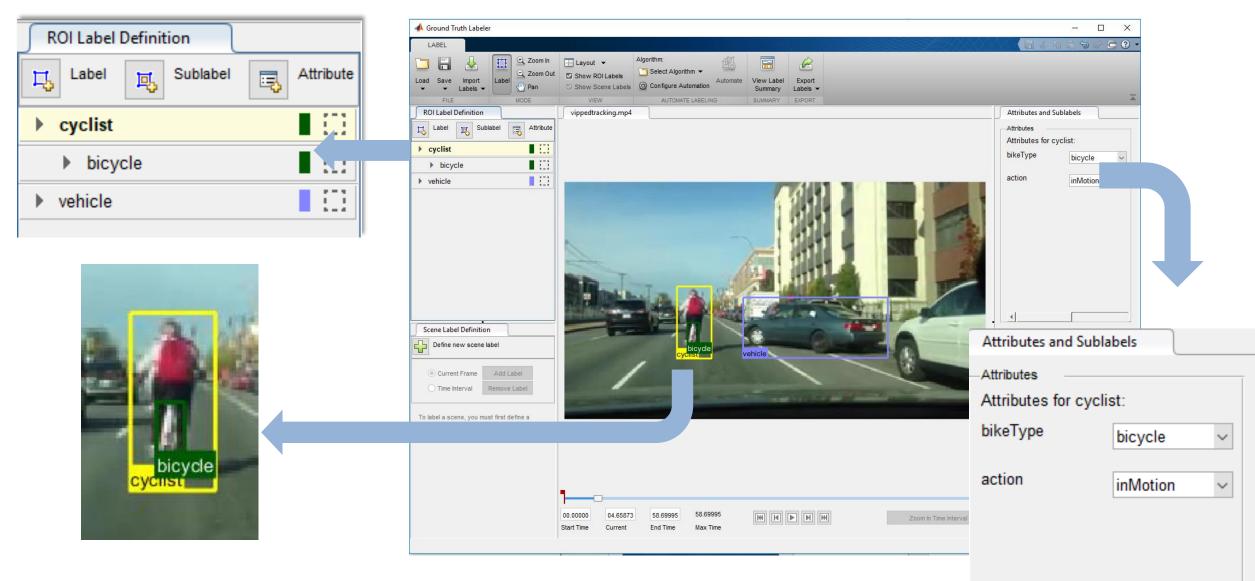


To train, need a large number of pairs of images





Ground truth labelling: attributes and sublabels





Visualize and understand the network architecture

graph nalysis date: 19-Apr-2018 10:00:00					22 Carlayers	• 0 A warnings	4 0 errors	
	ISSUES							
● input ● () sof		Layers Message						
• conv	softmax_alone Disconnected layers. All layers in the layer graph must			ayer graph must be conn	ected.	~		
Ť.	mpool Unused output. Each layer output must be connected			t be connected to the inp	ted to the input of another layer.			
relu	0	unpool	Missing input. Each	layer input must be	e connected to the outpu	t of another layer.	~	
• conv • conv • conv	•	4-0 - JUO	0			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	
† † † †	ANA	ALYSIS RESULT						
• relu_b1 • relu_b2 • relu_b3 • relu_b4		Name		Туре	Activations	Learnables		
add1	1	input 28x28x1 images w	/ith 'zerocenter' normal	Image Input	28×28×1	-		
• fc1	2	conv 16 5x5x1 convolut	ions with stride [1 1] a	Convolution	28×28×16	5×5×1×16 1×1×16	Weights Bias	
add2	3	relu ReLU		ReLU	28×28×16	-		
relu	4	<pre> softmax_alo softmax </pre>	ne	Softmax	Error	-		
• () mp	5	conv_b1 32 3x3x16 convolu	utions with stride [1 1]	Convolution	28×28×32	3×3×16×32 1×1×32	Weights Bias	
• () un • fo2	6	relu_b1 ReLU		ReLU	28×28×32	-		
fic2	7	conv_b2 32 3x3x16 convolu	utions with stride [1 1]	Convolution	28×28×32	3×3×16×32 1×1×32	Weights Bias	
softmax	8	relu_b2 ReLU		ReLU	28×28×32	-		
class	9	conv_b3 32 3x3x16 convolu	utions with stride [1 1]	Convolution	28×28×32	3×3×16×32 1×1×32	Weights Bias	
	10	relu_b3 ReLU		ReLU	28×28×32	-		
	11	conv_b4		Convolution	28×28×32	3×3×16×32	Weinhte	

Detect problems before wasting time training!

- Missing or disconnected layers,
- Mismatching or incorrect sizes of layer inputs,
- Incorrect number of layer inputs,
- Invalid graph structures.

Network Analyzer Visualize and Analyze network Deep Learning Network Analyzer for Neural Network Toolbox

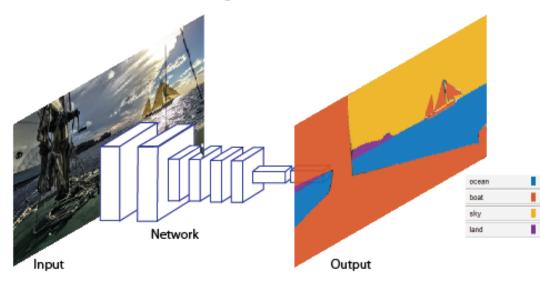
version 1.0 (15.1 KB) by MathWorks Neural Network Toolbox Team

Visualize and Analyze Deep Learning Networks

Download Support Package



Semantic Segmentation



- Fully convolutional networks (FCN)
- Segmentation Networks (SegNet)
- Other directed acyclic graph (DAG)



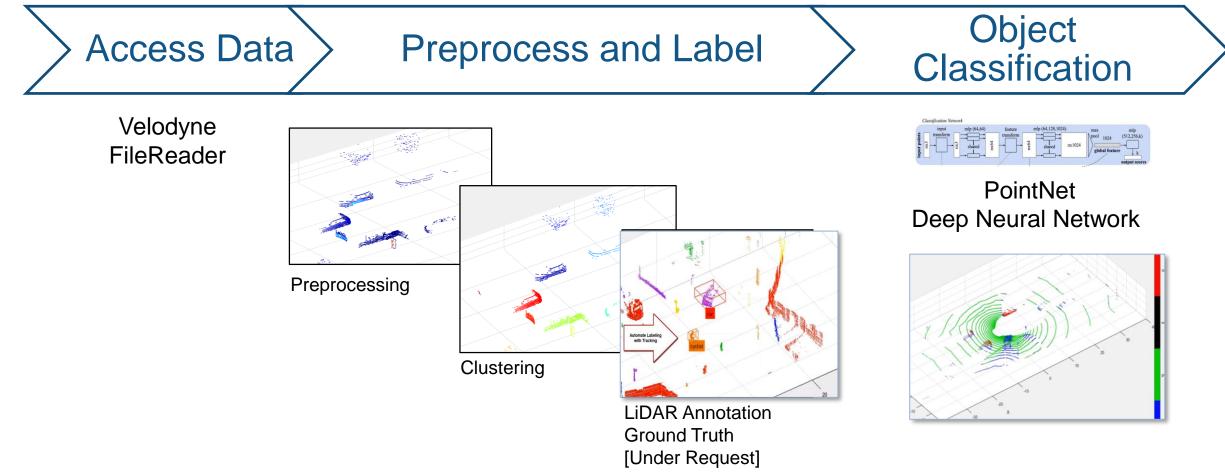
- Manage connections, add and remove layers
- Manage label data and evaluate performance

>>help semanticseg



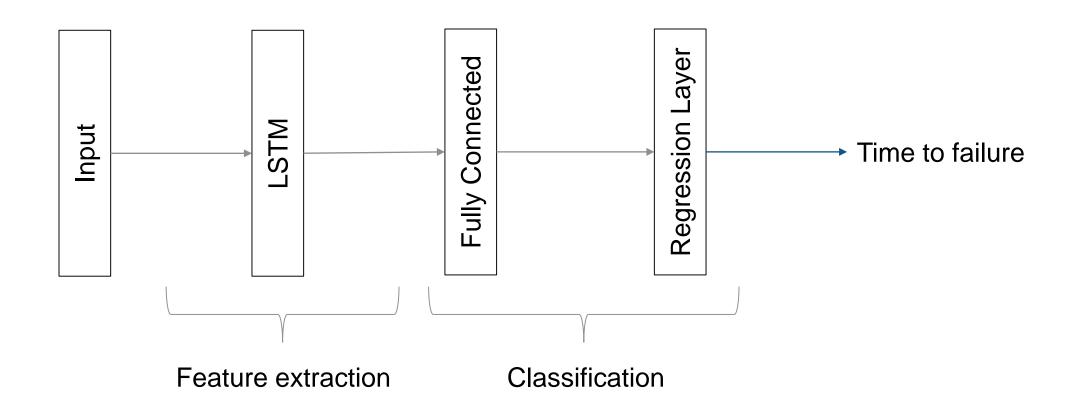
Algorithm Development, Testing & Verification Applicable to other sensors, e.g. LiDar

Automated Driving System Toolbox™ Computer Vision System Toolbox™ Neural Network Toolbox™



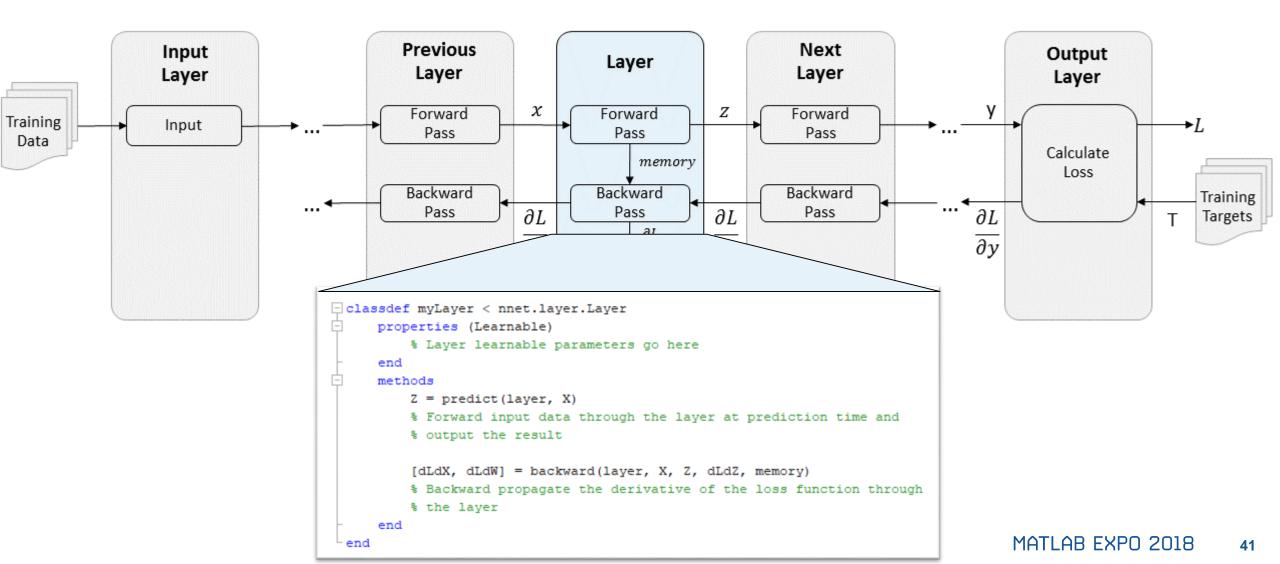


LSTM for both Classification and Regression





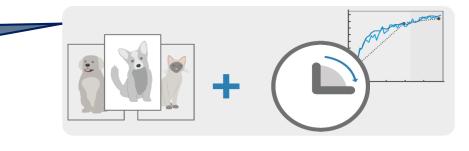
Define new operations for deep networks with 'Custom Layers'





THANK YOU!

Use Less Data and Less Time with Transfer Learning



Jan 01

Jan 15

Jan 29

2018

