



Risk Management Service in Financial Industry

Integrated reporting solutions and managed services for Risk

Dr. Ewgenij Hübner

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Agenda



1 Risk Management Service at KPMG



2 Zoom on Risk Reporting Services: Challenges & Requirements



3 Micro-Service Architecture. MATLAB as a Calculation Engine.



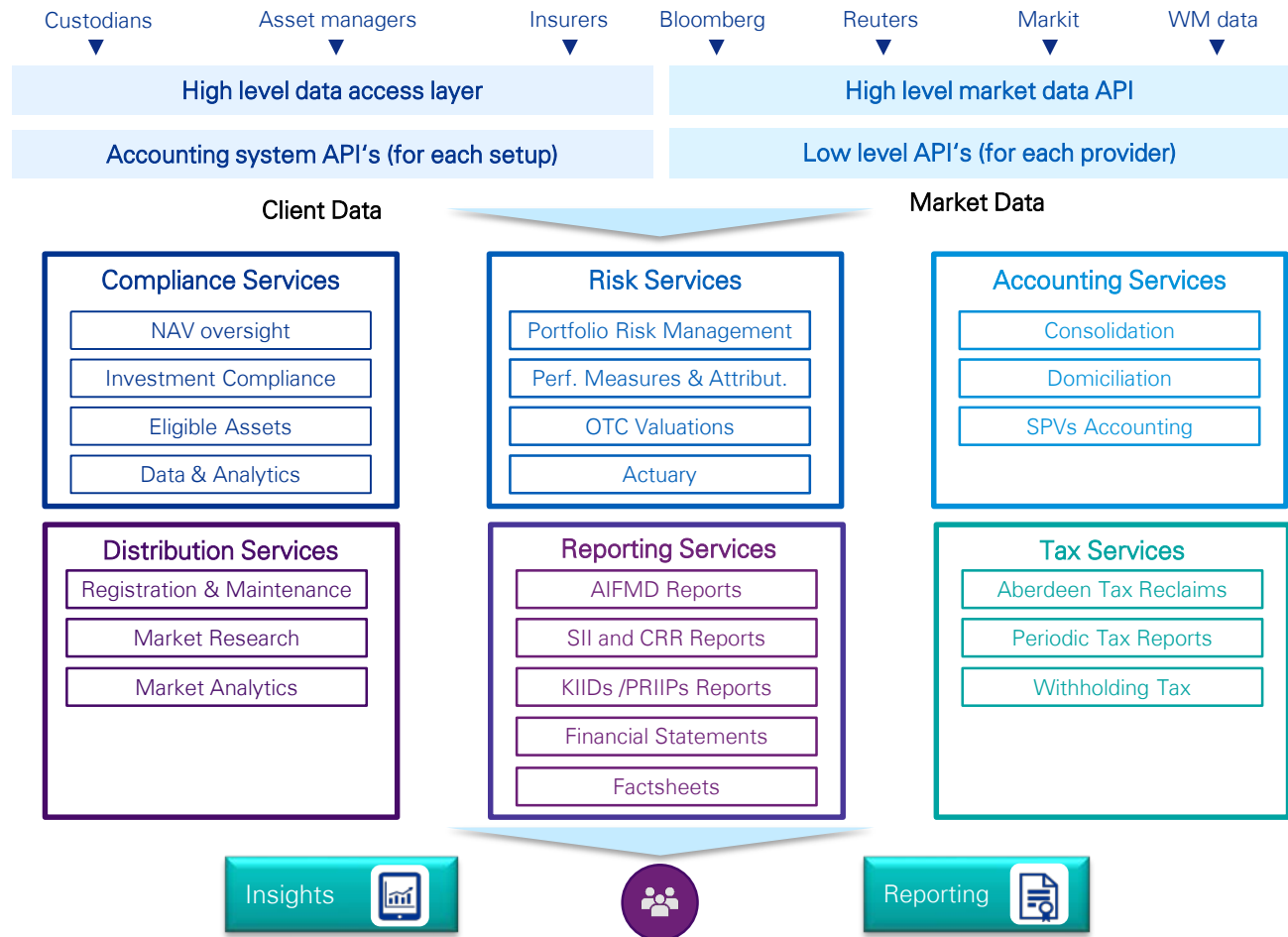
4 Practical Example: Real Estate Application



Risk Management Service at KPMG

KPMG Service Platform

 Our in house platform relies on a solid multi-layered integration technology framework



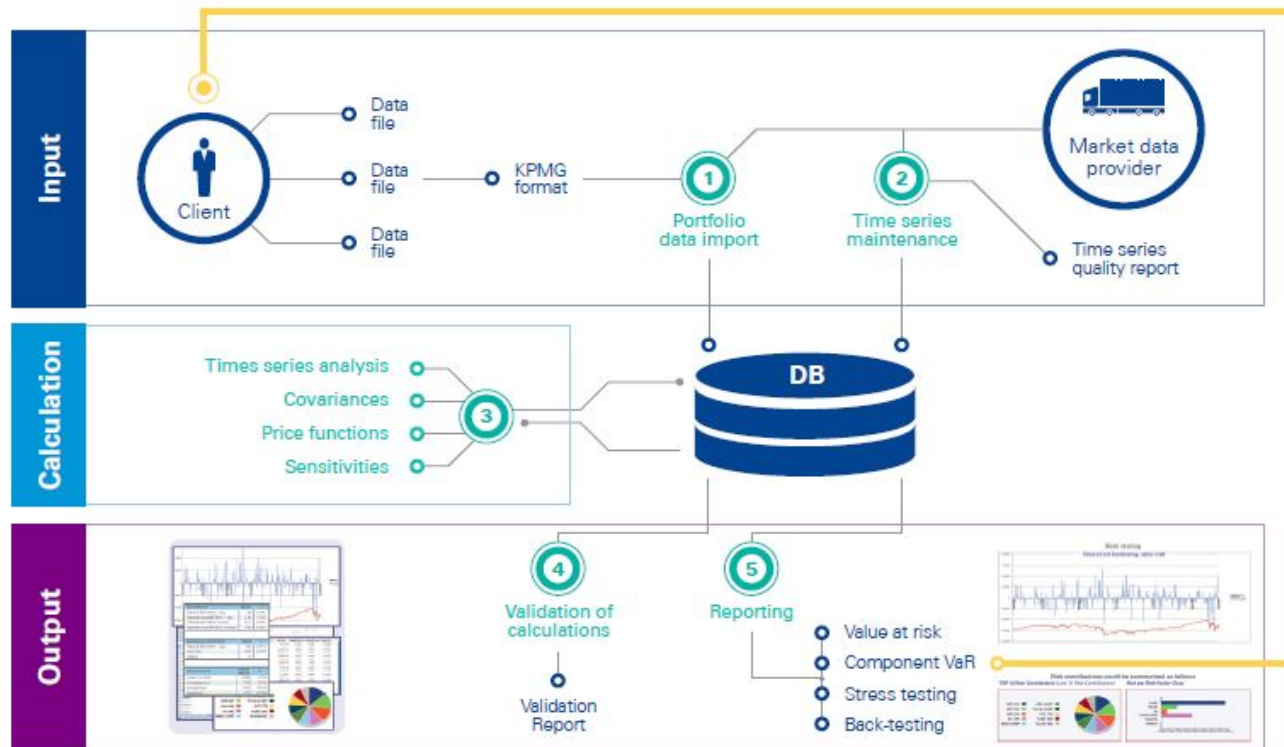
-  ✓ Over 100 clients worldwide
-  ✓ Clients in more than 50 countries
-  ✓ More than 150 professionals
-  ✓ Dedicated team in Luxembourg
-  ✓ Complete range of services
-  ✓ 150 000 reports produced p.a.
-  ✓ Online workflow management tool
-  ✓ Tailored managed services
-  ✓ Regulatory Knowhow & Support
-  ✓ KPMG CoE for IM in Luxembourg



Risk Reporting Services

Focus on the Market Risk Engine

RACER for Risk, AIFMD, Solvency II, Liquidity, SRI / SRRI, 4C, Investment Compliance, CRR, GroMikV, VAG, COVIP, PRIIP

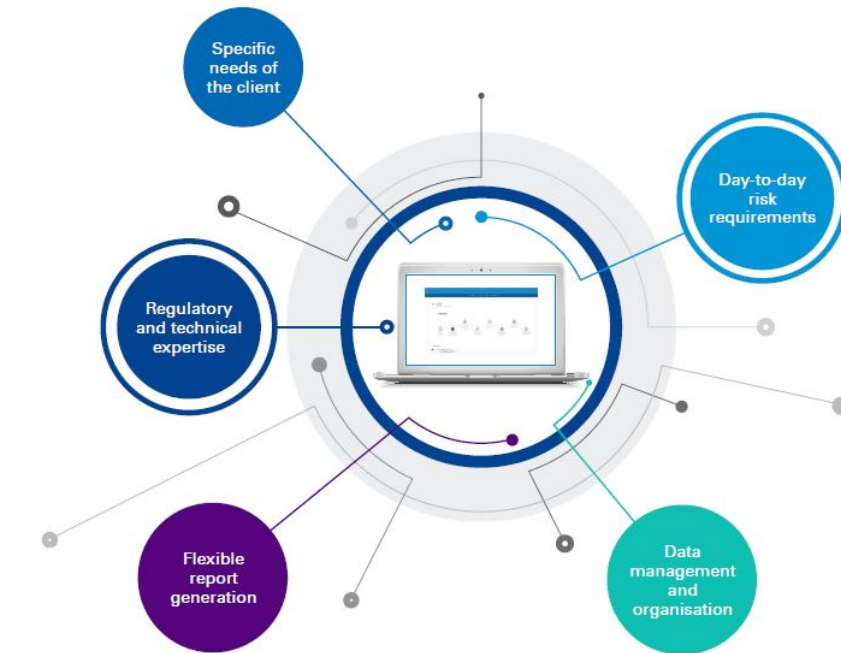


RACER Platform – Key Benefits

- ✓ One central service platform that enables reporting based on client needs
- ✓ Central source of reference data in a standard format / normalized for different service platforms and service providers
- ✓ Regulatory expertise and standardized data that enables quick turnaround on regulatory changes
- ✓ Easy access to other tools and functions
- ✓ Benefit from common development
- ✓ Synergy creation through use of client specific selection of several Racer services

Risk RACER

K “KPMG Racer is designed to provide tailor-made solutions to address portfolio managers’ needs as well as comply with regulatory requirements”



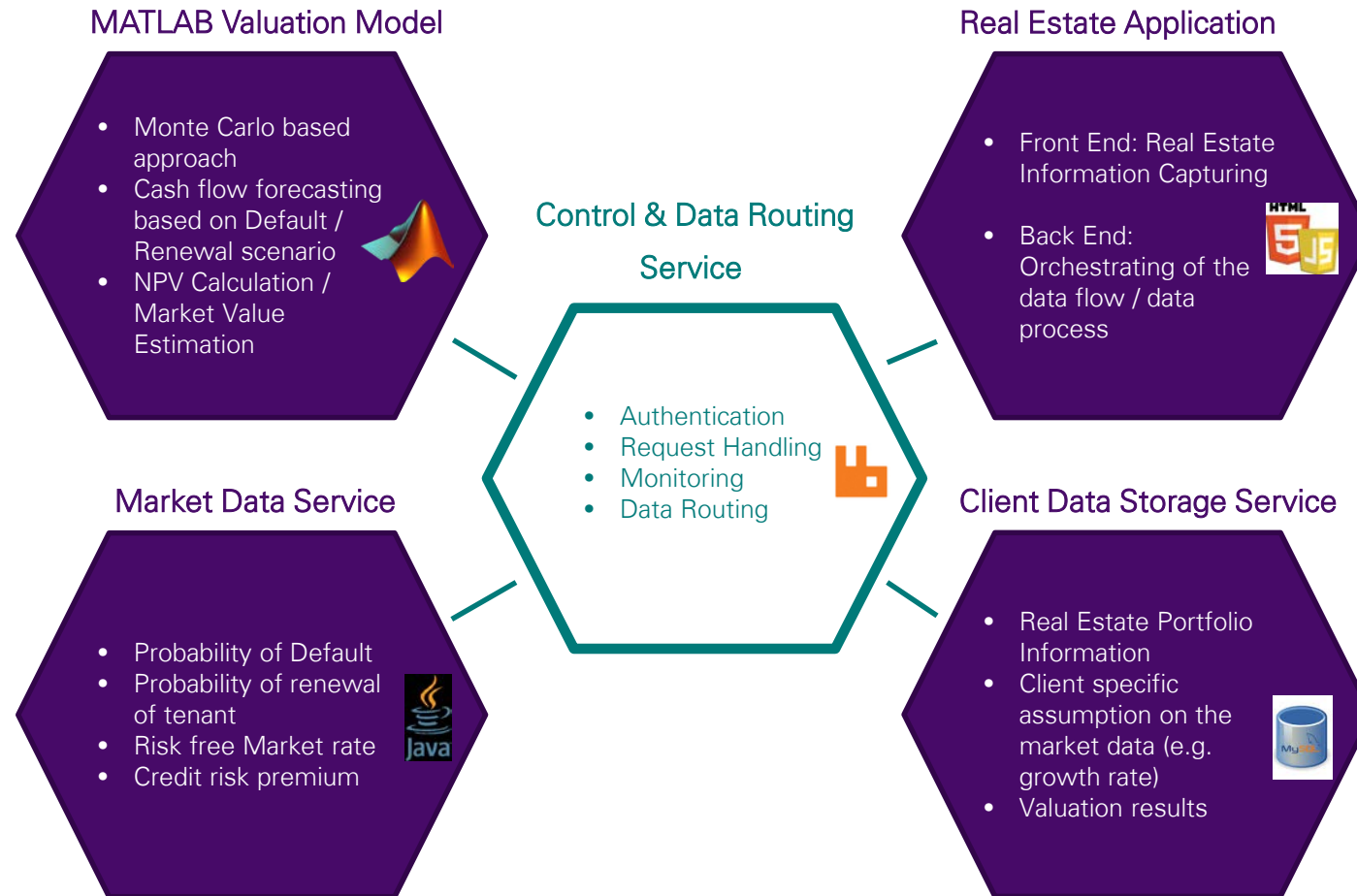
KPMG RACER

- ❑ In-house developed solution designed to calculate various risk measures
- ❑ Used in operational process since 2011
- ❑ The core functionality for Market & Credit Risk is implemented in MATLAB
- ❑ Agenda snapshot
 - ✓ Daily calculation of VaR and Conditional Value-at-Risk (CVaR), Marginal, Incremental and Component VaR (risk contribution) for all assets within the portfolio
 - ✓ Weekly/monthly automated SRRI calculation (UCITS KID) / SRI calculation (PRIIPs KID) with a sound methodology validated by KPMG’s experts covering all fund categories
 - ✓ Yearly/monthly automated past performance / performance scenarios
 - ✓ Calculation of stress scenarios, portfolio’s volatility
 - ✓ Identification of main risk drivers within a portfolio (positions with major risk contribution)
 - ✓ Clean and dirty back testing, Sensitivity Analysis
 - ✓ Ability to treat various input files (e.g. additional collateral portfolios provided by client ...)



Micro Service Architecture: MATLAB as a Calculation Engine

Micro Services Architecture Approach



Why MATLAB?

Why MATLAB

- ❑ Young Quant Team: MATLAB experience directly from the University. Not necessarily knowledgeable on low level programming language.
- ❑ Broad spectrum on the available toolboxes: Statistics, Financial, Optimization toolboxes provide many of algorithms mostly used in finance
- ❑ Short implementation time for the new requirements: same algorithm can be written in less number of lines compared to other programming languages

Advantages/Disadvantages

- ❑ Pros:
 - + Code reliability: extensively tested before release.
 - + Documentation: wide documentation and examples.
 - + Support: professional and dedicated support team
- ❑ Cons:
 - License Costs

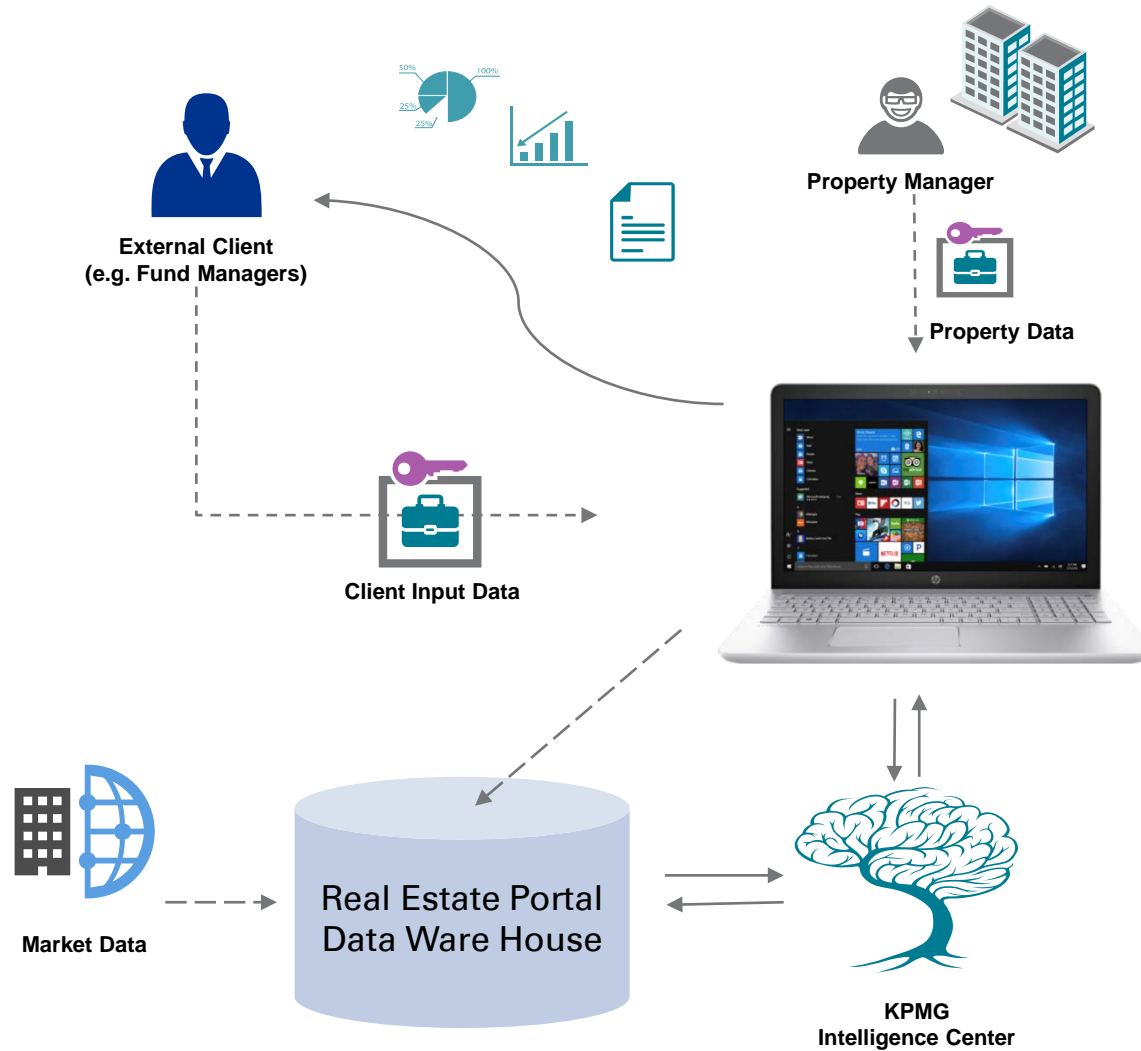
Looking ahead

- ❑ KPMG develops solutions in the Micro Service Architecture independent of the technology and operational system (Web-Services based)
- ❑ MATLAB production server (MPS) & MATLAB 2016 Release (JSON) support the current strategy requirements



Practical Example: Real Estate Application

Real Estate Application



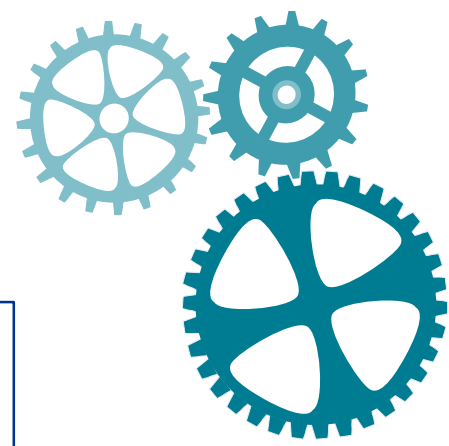
Market Analysis

Valuation

Risk Measurement

Reporting

D&A

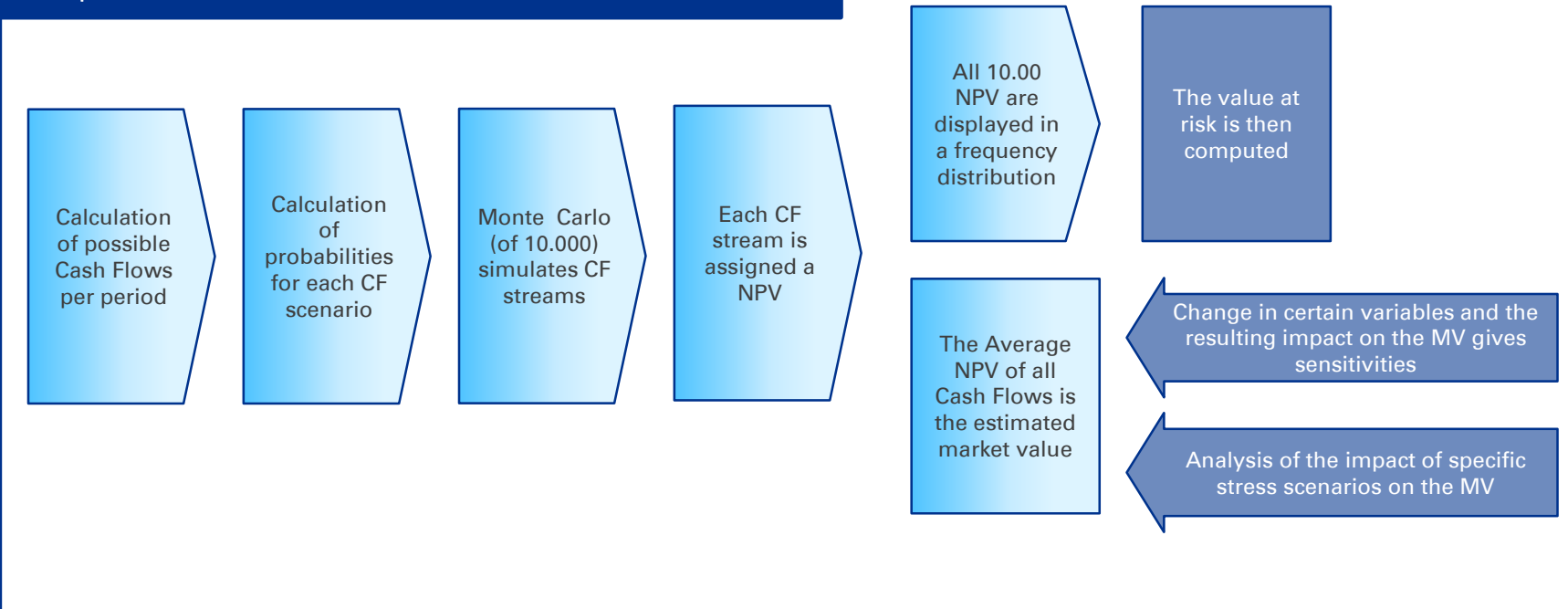


Introduction to RE model

What does the model offer?

- Replicate professional valuation & estimate a market value within a reasonable range
- Implement more realistic assumptions for future Cash Flow developments
- Assessment of the value at risk, sensitivity analysis and individual stress tests

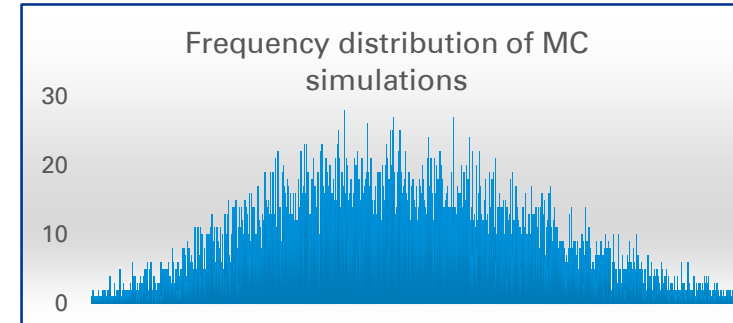
Setup of the model



Risk analysis at Portfolio - level

- Procedure is applied to each object individually
- Tool aggregates Cash Flow simulations of all objects per simulation and period
- Finally: a NPV on portfolio – level for each MC simulation is computed

All 10.000 NPVs are displayed in a frequency distribution



The average NPV of all Cash Flows is the estimated market value:

The value at risk and Cash Flow at risk is then computed

Input variable	Change	Absolute impact on MV	Relative impact on market value
Vacancy rate	+1%	- 608 115.10 €	-4.5%
Default risk of tenants	+1%	- 340 529.14 €	-2.5%
Renewal rate	from 0.9 to 0.8	- 235 684.72 €	-1.8%
Risk Premium	+1%	- 336 094.57 €	-2.5%
Growth of rents	+1%	1 435 375.02 €	10.5%
Growth in maintenance costs	+1%	- 240 277.44 €	-1.8%

Change in certain variables and the resulting impact on the MV gives sensitivities

Analysis of the impact of specific stress scenarios on the MV

Real Estate Application - Demo



VS.





Thank you



Dr. Ewgenij Hübner

Senior Manager

ewgenij.huebner@kpmg.lu

+352 22 51 51 7535



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